SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE

(COMMERCIAL LIST) 'Irwin' REGISTRAR **GREFFIER** SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE N. COUR SUPÉRIEURE DE JUSTICE

May 3, 2022

(Court Seal)

Christina

DATED/FAIT LE

ANSON ADVISORS INC., ANSON FUNDS MANAGEMENT LP. ANSON INVESTMENTS MASTER FUND LP AND MOEZ KASSAM

Plaintiffs

- and -

JAMES STAFFORD, ANDREW RUDENSKY, ROBERT LEE DOXTATOR, JACOB DOXTATOR, AND JOHN DOE 1, JOHN DOE 2, JOHN DOE 3, JOHN DOE 4 AND OTHER PERSONS UNKNOWN

Defendants

FRESH AS AMENDED STATEMENT OF CLAIM

TO THE DEFENDANTS

A LEGAL PROCEEDING HAS BEEN COMMENCED AGAINST YOU by the Plaintiff. The Claim made against you is set out in the following pages.

IF YOU WISH TO DEFEND THIS PROCEEDING, you or an Ontario lawyer acting for you must prepare a Statement of Defence in Form 18A prescribed by the Rules of Civil Procedure, serve it on the Plaintiff's lawyer or, where the Plaintiff does not have a lawyer, serve it on the Plaintiff, and file it, with proof of service in this court office, WITHIN TWENTY DAYS after this Statement of Claim is served on you, if you are served in Ontario.

If you are served in another province or territory of Canada or in the United States of America, the period for serving and filing your Statement of Defence is forty days. If you are served outside Canada and the United States of America, the period is sixty days.

Instead of serving and filing a Statement of Defence, you may serve and file a Notice of Intent to Defend in Form 18B prescribed by the Rules of Civil Procedure. This will entitle you to ten more days within which to serve and file your Statement of Defence. IF YOU FAIL TO DEFEND THIS PROCEEDING, JUDGMENT MAY BE GIVEN AGAINST YOU IN YOUR ABSENCE AND WITHOUT FURTHER NOTICE TO YOU. IF YOU WISH TO DEFEND THIS PROCEEDING BUT ARE UNABLE TO PAY LEGAL FEES, LEGAL AID MAY BE AVAILABLE TO YOU BY CONTACTING A LOCAL LEGAL AID OFFICE.

TAKE NOTICE: THIS ACTION WILL AUTOMATICALLY BE DISMISSED if it has not been set down for trial or terminated by any means within five years after the action was commenced unless otherwise ordered by the court.

Date	Issued by		
		Local Registrar	
		Superior Court of Justice 330 University Avenue, 9th Floor Toronto ON M5G 1R7	

TO: Robert Lee Doxtator 184 Albert Street

Belleville, ON K8N 3N4

Jacob Doxtator 1150 Salem Road Prince Edward, ON K0K 1T0

James Stafford Address Unknown

Andrew Rudensky 1107 Melvin Ave Oakville, ON L6J 2V8

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CLAIM

- 1. The Plaintiffs, Anson Advisors Inc. ("AAI"), Anson Funds Management LP ("AFM"), Anson Investments Master Fund LP ("AIMF" and, together with AAI and AFM, "Anson") and Moez Kassam ("Kassam"), claim against the Defendants, James Stafford, Andrew Rudensky, Robert Lee Doxtator, Jacob Doxtator, John Doe 1, John Doe 2, John Doe 3, John Doe 4 and other persons unknown (the "Defendants"), jointly and severally, for:
 - (a) general damages in the amount of \$100,000,000 for conspiracy, publicity that places the plaintiffs in a false light, intentional interference with economic relations, appropriation of personality, internet harassment, and defamation;
 - (b) aggravated damages of \$1,000,000;
 - (c) punitive or exemplary damages of \$10,000,000;
 - (d) special damages to be proven at trial;
 - (e) fees and costs incurred by the Plaintiffs in investigating the persons involved in the Conspiracy (as defined below), and removing the Unlawful Statements (as defined below), in amounts to be proven at trial;
 - (f) a mandatory order compelling the Defendants to remove the publications complained of in this action from all Internet websites, online message boards and social media platforms within their control;
 - (g) an interim, interlocutory and permanent injunction restraining the Defendants or anyone with notice of the order from republishing the

publications complained of in this action or the Unlawful Statements (as defined below), or publishing further unlawful and defamatory statements about Anson and its current and past personnel;

- (h) pre-judgment interest in accordance with section 128 of the Courts of Justice Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. C.43, as amended;
- (i) post-judgment interest in accordance with section 129 of the Courts of Justice Act, R.S.O. 1990, c. C.43, as amended;
- (j) the costs of this proceeding on the highest allowable basis, plus all applicable taxes; and
- (k) such further and other relief as to this Honourable Court may seem just.
- 2. Since at least the summer of 2019 and intensifying to the present, the Defendants James Stafford, Andrew Rudensky, Robert Lee Doxtator and Jacob Doxtator have engaged in a scheme with each other and other unknown persons to damage the business and reputations of a successful securities business, Anson, and its founder, Moez Kassam. Specifically, the Defendants conspired to falsely and repeatedly claim that Kassam is a criminal and that he and his businesses are engaged in conduct that is illegal, unethical, and contrary to Canadian and United States securities regulations. The Defendants have, for example, published or encouraged the publication of the following false and defamatory statements:

- (a) "Moez Kassam and his Anson Funds have systematically engaged in capital market crimes, including insider trading and fraud, to rob North American shareholders of countless millions";
- (b) "Anson Funds and Moez Kassam have been destroying companies through illegal means...";
- (c) Kassam is a "corrupted and criminal CIO [Chief Investment Officer] at Anson funds";
- (d) "If you r [sic] an Anson Fund investor ... be prepared to have your funds locked up b/c there is a lot information floating out there that paints a picture of scams to benefit none other then Moez Kassam";
- (e) "In his attempt to destroy small-cap Canadian companies through nefarious means, a string of feeder funds and untraceable payments to elude regulators, Moez Kassam has betrayed even his closest friends";
- (f) Kassam pursued "questionable and illegal activities" in "an attempt to make money by destroying small companies and the lives of anyone who happened to get in his way: even those who helped him and ended up being disposable";
- (g) "Moez Kassam & Sunny Puri of Anson . . . put out the report to manipulate the market so they could cover an already short position";

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- (h) "... dirty moez [sic] hurt his business parnter [sic] and lied to the founders of \$apha [Aphria Inc.]";
- (i) Kassam and Anson "just use people and don't pay anyone but themselves";
- (j) "Moez has even threatened all Anson employees with lawsuits and installed draconian measures in the office to stop leaks from employees. The fear level is rising—fast. At this point, it is becoming clearer that employees will either sink with this ship or be fired, and now the latter is starting to look more attractive than the former"; and
- (k) the OSC and SEC have "[begun] a full investigation into Anson Funds business practices (according to sources inside Anson)".
- 3. Statements accusing the Plaintiffs of illegal and unethical conduct, including market manipulation, fraud, insider trading, breaches of applicable securities law and regulations, and cyber crimes, are false and defamatory. This lawsuit seeks to hold the Defendants accountable for the economic, reputational, and emotional harm their lies have caused.

A. THE PLAINTIFFS

4. AAI is a corporation incorporated under the laws of Ontario. It is a private asset management firm that serves as the co-investment adviser, exempt market dealer, and portfolio manager to several investment funds in which private investors may invest their capital (collectively, the "Anson Funds"). It is regulated by the United States Securities

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and Exchange Commission ("SEC") and the Ontario Securities Commission ("OSC"), among other regulatory bodies.

- 5. AFM is a Texas limited partnership that serves as the investment fund manager for the Anson Funds. It is regulated by the SEC and the OSC.
- 6. AIMF is a Cayman Islands exempted limited partnership. It is Anson Funds' flagship investment fund. The Anson investments that are the subject of the Unlawful Statements (as defined below) were undertaken by AIMF.
- 7. Anson uses multiple strategies to execute its investment program, including both long and short investment strategies and opportunistic investments. One subset of Anson's short investment strategies includes short selling securities that have been overvalued by the public markets. One way in which securities can become overvalued is through fraudulent "pump and dump" schemes. In a pump and dump scheme, the perpetrators attempt to inflate the value of a stock that they own by making and/or publicizing false or misleading positive statements about the company whose stock is being traded, and then enrich themselves at the cost of other shareholders, including but not limited to by way of selling stock, paying inflated salaries, or paying parties related to the perpetrators inflated amounts without proper disclosure.
- 8. Short selling is a legitimate investment strategy that involves borrowing shares from a dealer and selling them in anticipation that the share price will decline. The borrower must later repurchase the shares in order to return them to the lender. If the share price has fallen by the time the borrower repurchases the shares for return, the borrower will earn a profit. By contrast, if the shares increase in value while the borrower

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holds a short position, the borrower will be required to repurchase the shares at the increased price, causing a loss.

- 9. Short selling, as a trading activity, is subject to a well-developed regulatory regime in Canada.
- 10. Anson conducts and reviews research and due diligence on the market and relevant companies to inform its trades, all based on publicly available information. When Anson determines that the stock of a public company may be overvalued and/or conducts short sales, its scrutiny may threaten individuals who perpetrate pump-and-dump and other fraudulent securities schemes, or who otherwise benefit from inflated securities. Anson complies with all applicable investment rules and regulations in all trading transactions it undertakes.
- 11. A "naked" short sale is a colloquial term that is generally understood to refer to when an investor sells shares in anticipation that their price will decline without first having a reasonable belief that it can borrow the shares that it sold. Anson does not engage in naked short selling, and as described above complies with all applicable investment rules and regulations.
- 12. The capital markets rely on the free flow of public information about publicly traded companies. Further, publication of analyses of public companies is a routine feature of the capital markets, including where the entity publishing the analysis has made an investment (either short or long) in the securities of the company in question. In the ordinary course of its business, Anson from time to time discusses its research and investment analyses and theses with others in the industry. This is done to conduct

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research, stress test due diligence and investment theories, learn potentially variant points of view and solicit other independent analyses. To the extent analyses that are published by others align with Anson's – or other investment funds' – views, this is simply the result of various individuals involved in the capital markets independently reaching the same conclusions based on the same publicly available information.

- 13. Moez Kassam is a founder of Anson, and a director and the principal, Chief Executive Officer and Chief Investment Officer of AAI. Kassam is 41 years old. He founded Saunders Capital Master Fund LP, the predecessor to AIMF, in July 2007 at the age of 26, and has since built Anson into a billion-dollar investment firm. In 2018, Kassam was named to Canada's Top 40 Under 40 for extraordinary achievement in business and philanthropy. He is an executive member of the Young Presidents Organization's Maple Leaf Chapter, and previously served on its board as Education Officer. He sits on the boards of directors of the Canadian Olympic Foundation, Toronto Public Library Foundation, Friends of Aseema, and Kids Cook to Care. He also serves as a line of credit guarantor for Windmill Microlending, which supports immigrants and refugees who come to Canada with education, skills and experience but struggle to resume their careers here.
- 14. Through the Moez & Marissa Kassam Foundation, Kassam has donated millions of dollars to Canadian charitable causes, including the Sunnybrook Foundation, the SickKids Foundation, Community Food Centres Canada, the Michael Garron Hospital Foundation, the Canadian Foundation for AIDS Research (CANFAR), Together We Stand Foundation, the Institute for Canadian Citizenship, the South Asian Legal Clinic of Ontario and many others. In fiscal year 2021 alone, the Moez & Marissa Kassam Foundation donated over one million dollars to various Canadian charitable entities.

15. Kassam provides advice with respect to AIMF and all of Anson's other funds under management and is ultimately responsible for Anson's investment strategy, trading, and overall investment performance. Kassam is the face of Anson and is well known in the industry as such.

B. THE DEFENDANTS

16. The Defendant James Stafford ("Stafford") is the principal of A Media Solutions Limited, a private company that was incorporated in 2012 and is registered in England and Wales, which operates the website www.OilPrice.com. He is also the principal of Advanced Media Solutions, a company incorporated in the British Virgin Islands, which owns www.OilPrice.com. Although Stafford styles himself as a "journalist", "publisher" and "editor" of www.OilPrice.com, he is, in fact, a stock promoter. Stafford has made millions of dollars as a stock promoter by writing sensationalist yet glowing articles about companies that advertise with him. Despite extensive efforts to attempt to identify Stafford's residential address, the Plaintiffs do not know Stafford's address and do not know where he resides. Stafford appears to have connections to numerous jurisdictions and it is unknown to the Plaintiffs whether Stafford's residential address is in Mexico, England, the Bahamas, or elsewhere. He maintains operations in Mexico and has a business registered there; at least four employees of www.OilPrice.com are based in Mexico; several of the Unlawful Statements (as defined below) were published from Mexico on the website Stockhouse (which provides market news and analysis regarding companies with small market capitalizations, as well as message boards for users to discuss securities issuers) as discussed in paragraphs 53 to 61 below and in Appendix "C" at section C; and Stafford himself, using the Stockhouse account "ToffRaffles" (which

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is linked to one of his email addresses) published Unlawful Statements on Stockhouse from an IP address originating in Mexico (as discussed in paragraph 106 below). For further information on Stafford's background, companies and possible location, see **Appendix "C"** at sections A and C.

- 17. The Defendant Andrew Rudensky ("**Rudensky**") resides in Toronto, Ontario. Rudensky is a partner of The Delavaco Group, a small merchant bank with a historical working relationship with Stafford. Rudensky previously worked as an advisor at Richardson GMP Limited from November 2009 until September 2015.
- 18. In July 2018, the Investment Industry Regulatory Organization of Canada ("IIROC") found that Rudensky had violated IIROC Dealer Member Rules by engaging in personal financial dealings with one of his clients and by making false and misleading representations to his firm. Rudensky had borrowed \$3 million from a client to finance a trade and misrepresented the source of the funds to Richardson GMP Limited. IIROC found that Rudensky's "misconduct and lack of honesty harmed market integrity and the reputation of the marketplace. He breached the fundamental principle of trust in the business." IIROC ultimately suspended Rudensky from his IIROC registration for two years, ordered him to pay fines and disgorgement totalling \$55,923, and ordered him to pay IIROC's costs of \$24,500. The Ontario Securities Commission upheld that decision upon review.
- 19. The Defendant Robert Lee Doxtator ("**Robert**") resides in Belleville, Ontario. He is a founder of Harvest Moon Cannabis Company (a company providing research and due diligence services) and is a business development consultant in the cannabis industry. In

the past, Robert has shared due diligence with Anson. Robert operates a Twitter account under the username @BettingBruiser. It has over 14,000 followers. The "Betting Bruiser" Twitter profile states: "@HarvestMoon420 Founder -#Potstocks Legal & Business Development Consultant Inquiries: HarvestMoonCannabisCo@gmail.com." It is well known in the Canadian investment industry that "Betting Bruiser" is Robert.

- 20. Robert, as "Betting Bruiser", is a prolific Twitter user and has repeatedly used his Twitter account to publish offensive content, including content disparaging of immigrants, women and members of the LGBT community.
- 21. While Robert holds himself out to be a lawyer, including in posts on the "Betting Bruiser" Twitter account, there is no record of his being admitted to practice law in any province or territory of Canada.
- 22. The Defendant Jacob Doxtator ("Jacob") is the cousin of Robert. He also resides in Belleville, Ontario. He operates, in coordination with Robert, a Twitter account through an alter-ego named "John Murphy" under the username @JohnMur67039142. Unlike with "Betting Bruiser", it is not commonly known that Jacob operates the "John Murphy" Twitter account. The Defendants went out of their way to use this account to conceal their identities as part of their scheme against Anson. Although Jacob lives in Belleville, the Twitter account states that "John Murphy" lives in the state of Georgia in the United States. The John Murphy account was removed from Twitter in or around March 2021, after this claim was brought and Jacob was served.
- 23. The Defendants John Doe 1, John Doe 2, John Doe 3, John Doe 4 and other persons unknown (the "Unknown Defendants") are individuals whose identities are

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presently unknown, but who are believed to have the means and business motivation to seek to harm the Plaintiffs. The Unknown Defendants may reside in the United States or elsewhere outside of Canada. The Plaintiffs will substitute the actual names of these Defendants after they have been discovered.

24. More generally, the Plaintiffs reserve their right to make, or seek to make, amendments to this pleading to incorporate additional material facts and information that they discover.

C. OVERVIEW OF CLAIM

- 25. Stafford, Rudensky, Robert, Jacob (Robert and Jacob together are referred to as the "**Doxtators**") and the Unknown Defendants are parties to a sophisticated, coordinated scheme to damage the Plaintiffs' business and reputations (the "**Conspiracy**").
- 26. In particular, and as described further below, in furtherance of this Conspiracy, the Defendants maliciously and intentionally entered into an agreement to conspire with one another and committed acts with the predominant purpose of injuring the Plaintiffs by damaging their business and reputations. In addition, or in the alternative, in furtherance of this Conspiracy, the Defendants have acted in a concerted and coordinated effort while using unlawful means aimed at the Plaintiffs, including but not limited to acts that amount to defamation at law, when they knew, or ought to have known, that significant harm to the Plaintiffs would result. In fact, the Defendants have caused significant damage to the Plaintiffs' business and reputations through their unlawful, improper conduct. Furthermore, the Defendants took sophisticated steps to conceal their identities and advance the Conspiracy anonymously (using, among other things and as described

further below, offshore web developers based in Bosnia and Herzegovina, temporary "burner" email addresses, virtual private networks ("VPNs"), fake identities, anonymous Twitter profiles, and more) because they knew that they were engaged in unlawful conduct. The Defendants are savvy about capital markets and deliberately fabricated allegations about the Plaintiffs – or at best were reckless as to whether the allegations were false – in order to sabotage their business. In addition, some or all of the Defendants are routinely engaged in pump and dump schemes and publicly blame the Plaintiffs when the artificially inflated share prices of the companies at issue ultimately return to their lower, intrinsic levels.

27. In the Conspiracy, Stafford, Rudensky and the Doxtators coordinated and agreed with one another and with the Unknown Defendants to harm the Plaintiffs through a carefully planned and executed plot. This plot has included fabricating, spreading and publicizing a series of unlawful, abusive, false, malicious, harassing and defamatory statements about Anson, Kassam and other individuals connected with Anson (the "Unlawful Statements"), including by first publishing defamatory comments on the website Stockhouse, and then on a series of websites generated by the Defendants, as set out below, in an attempt to manufacture a narrative to harm Anson and Kassam; hiring freelance web developers based in Bosnia and Herzegovina to register the websites on which Unlawful Statements were posted, for the purpose of concealing the Defendants' identities; taking other sophisticated steps to obscure their identities while disseminating Unlawful Statements, including hiring Bosnian developers, using VPNs, burner email addresses and false identities; sending targeted communications containing the Unlawful Statements via email, including to reporters, as well as disseminating the Unlawful

Statements on Twitter, Reddit and other platforms; and attempting to improperly attract media attention to the Unlawful Statements. Moreover, the Defendants have sought to disseminate the Unlawful Statements internationally to individuals in (at least) the United States (where the Plaintiffs do business) as well as in Canada, with the intention of causing maximum, widespread harm to the Plaintiffs.

- 28. Steps taken by the Defendants pursuant to the Conspiracy include the following:
 - (a) in summer 2019, some or all of the Defendants, and in particular Robert, began a campaign to spread Unlawful Statements about the Plaintiffs on Twitter through Robert's "Betting Bruiser" Twitter account;
 - (b) in July and August 2020, in a further concerted and coordinated effort, the Defendants increased their efforts and conspired to post Unlawful Statements on message boards on the website Stockhouse. These Unlawful Statements were viewed by many thousands;
 - (c) beginning on or around September 27, 2020, after the Plaintiffs took steps to have the Unlawful Statements on Stockhouse removed, the Defendants conspired to anonymously write, publish and disseminate a lengthy Internet post containing Unlawful Statements about the Plaintiffs (the "Defamatory Manifesto") on a series of websites. The Plaintiffs believe that Stafford led the effort to draft and publish the Defamatory Manifesto, including because Stafford styles himself a "journalist" and is often hired as a promoter of stocks including those mentioned in the Defamatory Manifesto in pump and dump schemes, with the aim of creating publicity in order to artificially

and often temporarily inflate the share price of companies in which his clients have a financial interest. The Defamatory Manifesto also mimics Stafford's sensationalist writing style. The Plaintiffs further believe that Robert and Rudensky directly participated in the preparation and/or drafting of the Defamatory Manifesto, including (but not limited to) supplying Stafford with many of the false and defamatory allegations against the Plaintiffs, which Stafford then incorporated into the Defamatory Manifesto. However, the precise roles of the Defendants in crafting and disseminating the Defamatory Manifesto are known to them alone, and not yet known to the Plaintiffs;

- (d) The Defendants knew that the allegations in the Defamatory Manifesto were false and defamatory, and intended to make and widely distribute these false, defamatory and misleading allegations. They sought to imbue the Defamatory Manifesto with credibility by falsely calling it an "investigation". It was viewed by tens of thousands of people, and counting;
- (e) as part of the Defamatory Manifesto, the Defendants set up a "tipline" operated by Stafford to collect further false and defamatory allegations against the Plaintiffs;
- (f) the Defendants hired freelance web developers based in Bosnia and Herzegovina to register the websites on which they published the Defamatory Manifesto, to obscure the websites' origins and conceal the

Defendants' involvement in the publication, something that would only be part of a sophisticated plot;

- (g) after the Plaintiffs were forced to take steps to have websites publishing the Defamatory Manifesto taken down, the Defendants again re-published it on new websites, which were once again created in a manner to conceal the Defendants' involvement. A version of the Defamatory Manifesto remains available on the Internet;
- (h) the Defendants used alter-ego Twitter accounts, and/or hired or otherwise procured or involved additional conspirators, to further disseminate and publish links to the Defamatory Manifesto;
- (i) the Defendants, similarly concealing their identities through alter-egos, using fake email addresses and Twitter accounts and VPNs, and/or by hiring or otherwise procuring or involving additional conspirators for this purpose, publicized and provided links to the Defamatory Manifesto on various Internet message boards and chat rooms. These message boards and chat rooms related to the Canadian and U.S. securities markets and are frequented by investors;
- (j) the Defendants also used alter-ego Twitter accounts to publish further false, defamatory, harassing, and malicious Unlawful Statements against the Plaintiffs, including wishing harm to come to Kassam, and inciting or encouraging others to harm him;

- (k) the Defendants published further false, defamatory, harassing, and malicious Unlawful Statements against the Plaintiffs through targeted emails sent from an anonymized email address;
- (I) the Defendants generated an Excel spreadsheet titled "Journalists.xlsx" that was made up of a list of journalists, news editors and others in the business community to whom the Defamatory Manifesto would be sent, with the goal of maximizing its distribution (the file was created on September 30, 2020 and listed 2,854 names). In the metadata, James Stafford (who purports to be a "journalist" with access to such contacts) is indicated as the "author" of this spreadsheet. The Defendants sent the Defamatory Manifesto to the media in a concerted but unsuccessful attempt to use the media to further publicize the Unlawful Statements and lend them a false and unwarranted air of credibility;
- (m) from fall 2020 through at least spring 2021, the Defendants continued their coordinated defamation campaign by publishing false and defamatory Unlawful Statements in over 1,000 posts on the website Stockhouse. The Defendants took steps to conceal their identities and obscure the origin of these additional Stockhouse posts by using VPNs, and temporary email addresses;
- (n) on June 28, 2021, after the initial Statement of Claim in this matter was issued, the Defendants published a sequel to the Defamatory Manifesto on the website www.marketfrauds.to, titled "Moez Kassam & Anson Funds Part

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- II: Rotten to the Core" (the "Second Defamatory Manifesto"). The Defendants published several other false and defamatory posts about the Plaintiffs on this website, including audio recordings provided by Robert, demonstrating his involvement in the preparation and/or drafting of the Second Defamatory Manifesto, as described further below. The Second Defamatory Manifesto was released on June 28, 2021, days after critical commentary regarding Reconnaissance Energy Africa Ltd. ("RECO"), a stock that Stafford was hired to promote, as set out below, was published: The Globe and Mail published an article questioning the legitimacy of RECO on June 20, 2021. Viceroy Research, another forensic research firm, published analysis also questioning the quality of RECO assets and stock value on June 24, 2021. Stafford used the Plaintiffs as a scapegoat to distract attention from adverse developments involving companies in which he had an interest.
- 29. As a result of the Defendants' conduct, the Unlawful Statements have been publicized broadly on the Internet, on various websites and online message boards, including Reddit and Stockhouse, and on Twitter. They have been disseminated widely, causing unwarranted adverse publicity for Anson that has significantly disrupted and damaged its business. In fact, as of the date of this Fresh as Amended Statement of Claim, the Secondary Defamatory Manifesto is on the "first page" of Google search results for Moez Kassam.
- 30. The Defendants have the means to attack the Plaintiffs through the Conspiracy and are motivated by an animus against Anson because of its scrutiny of overvalued

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stocks and pump-and-dump schemes, some of which Stafford or the other Defendants

stood to benefit from. Stafford is paid significant sums of money (millions of dollars) as a

stock promoter and has been involved in several pump and dump schemes. In particular,

the Plaintiffs believe that the Defendants have targeted them in their malicious and illicit

Conspiracy because part of Anson's investment strategy involves scrutinizing overvalued

companies, including, in the past, those in the cannabis industry, and including

overvalued companies which Stafford promoted and/or invested in.

31. As was the case with other investment firms in 2018, one of Anson's investment

strategies involved short-selling securities of several Canadian-operated publicly listed

cannabis companies that it believed to be overvalued. Many investment firms, in the

ordinary course of business, established short positions against Canadian cannabis

companies whose stock prices they believed to be overvalued based on their business

fundamentals. Some of these cannabis companies were referred to in the Unlawful

Statements.

32. The Unlawful Statements falsely attribute to the Plaintiffs an almost preternatural

power to choose securities where they can cause the share price of a company to decline.

The Plaintiffs did not cause the share prices of the companies mentioned in the Unlawful

Statements to decline. Market fundamentals – alongside overall waning investor

sentiment and the actual performance of these companies, among other factors – did. In

most cases, the valuations of such companies had at one point fallen 70% or more from

their peak price.

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- 33. The Defendant Rudensky has an animus against Anson and Kassam tracing back to at least December 2018, when an independent forensic financial research firm, Hindenburg Research, posted critical findings about Aphria Inc. ("Aphria"), a publicly traded cannabis start-up. During this period, Aphria's stock price fell over 40%. The critical research findings related to a key promoter of Aphria who is one of its founders, Andy DeFrancesco. DeFrancesco is the CEO of The Delavaco Group, a merchant bank of which Rudensky is a partner. Rudensky wrongfully blamed the Plaintiffs for Hindenberg's critical research findings regarding Aphria.
- 34. The Defendant Stafford has an animus against Anson and Kassam tracing back to at least mid-2020, including but not limited to in connection with the companies Facedrive Inc. ("Facedrive") and RECO. Stafford has a significant financial interest and exposure to Facedrive and RECO, which gave him an incentive to diminish and disparage critical commentary about those companies. As a result, Stafford publicly and wrongfully used the Plaintiffs as scapegoats to blame for Facedrive and RECO's share prices declining, and in particular he blamed the Plaintiffs for the critical research findings about Facedrive and RECO published by Hindenburg Research and Viceroy Research respectively. In fact, the share prices of overvalued companies like FaceDrive and RECO decline not because of the Plaintiffs' influence, but rather because of market fundamentals.
- 35. Stafford is a stock promoter and was hired, directly and/or indirectly, to promote, and artificially inflate the volume and/or price of, Facedrive shares using his website, www.OilPrice.com. The public disclosure on www.OilPrice.com stated in part that the purported articles about Facedrive "should be viewed as a commercial advertisement"

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only. We have not investigated the background of the featured company.

Frequently companies profiled in our alerts experience a large increase in volume

and share price during the course of investor awareness marketing, which often

end as soon as the investor awareness marketing ceases" (emphasis added).

36. In total, Stafford directly and indirectly, at one point in time, owned up to

approximately 1.5 million shares in Facedrive (worth roughly \$8 million at the time the

agreement was press released by Facedrive), some of which he received as

compensation for stock promotion, and some of which he purchased on the open market.

As a result, Stafford had a significant incentive to inflate Facedrive's share price.

37. These incentives gave Stafford the impetus to engage in the Conspiracy and

spread Unlawful Statements about the Plaintiffs. Given Stafford's financial interest in

Facedrive, he has an incentive to undermine and disparage critical commentary about

Facedrive, published by market participants or other observers, which questions its

intrinsic value. On July 23, 2020, Hindenburg Research published research findings that

were critical about Facedrive. That same night, the first Unlawful Statements about the

Plaintiffs were published on Stockhouse.

38. Stafford was also hired to promote, and artificially inflate the volume and/or price

of, RECO's shares. Since January 2020, Stafford and/or his companies have published

over twenty false and misleading articles promoting RECO on www.OilPrice.com. The

disclosure on these articles indicates that Stafford was paid US\$280,000 for a series of

four articles in January 2021. All of the articles consistently disclosed that Stafford and/or

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> his companies own shares in RECO and accordingly have a substantial incentive to see the share price perform well.

- 39. Stafford's financial interest in RECO once again motivated him to spread Unlawful Statements about the Plaintiffs as part of the Conspiracy. On June 20, 2021, *The Globe and Mail* published a critical article about RECO. On June 24, 2021, Viceroy Research, another forensic research firm, expanded on *The Globe and Mail*'s reporting and posted further critical findings about RECO. The critical findings included allegations that RECO had engaged in stock promotion and had other fundamental issues. The Second Defamatory Manifesto was published on June 28, 2021, a few days after Viceroy Research released its first report regarding RECO.
- 40. For further information on Facedrive, RECO and Stafford's animus towards the Plaintiffs, see **Appendix "C"** at section B.
- 41. With respect to the Defendant Robert, he has an animus against Anson and Kassam, which is in part based on his claims that he has not been paid for due diligence that he shared with Anson. In October 2020, he aggressively attempted to obtain a significant and unwarranted amount of money from Anson, plus an indemnity and immunity, in exchange for certain due diligence he shared with Anson, and for information on the identity of the Unknown Defendants, which he confirmed he knew. Robert utilized the circumstances the publication of the Defamatory Manifesto and other Unlawful Statements to attempt to pressure Kassam and Anson to pay him significant amounts, giving his demands the air of extortion. While not all aspects of Robert's animus against Anson and Kassam are known to the Plaintiffs, the animus is consistent with past racist

tweets by Doxtator, and in light of the fact that Kassam, other senior employees at Anson, and their spouses are not Caucasian.

42. Though all of the parties behind the Conspiracy to damage the Plaintiffs' business and reputation are not known at this time, the damage wrought by their illegal conduct is clear.

D. THE DEFENDANTS' CONSPIRACY AGAINST THE PLAINTIFFS

- (i) Beginning in late 2018, Robert develops animus towards Plaintiffs
- 43. Beginning in late 2018, Robert developed a malevolent animus towards the Plaintiffs, and in particular towards Sunny Puri ("**Puri**"), a Principal and Portfolio Manager at Anson. Indeed, as set out below, Robert's animosity towards Puri has included threatening violence.
- Anson and Kassam first met Robert in late August 2018, when they discussed the prospect of him providing consulting services to Anson via the company he had founded, Harvest Moon Cannabis Company. Over a series of messages exchanged between Kassam, on behalf of Anson, and Robert, Anson and Robert agreed that Robert would provide Anson with due diligence, and that if Anson chose to trade on any due diligence provided by Robert, it would pay Robert 15% of any profits it made on the trade. Anson could and did independently decide, based on its own process, if it would trade any securities discussed with Robert.
- 45. In the months after August 2018, Robert shared limited due diligence with Anson regarding certain public companies, but Anson did not trade on any of that information at that time. Robert became irrationally angry with Anson, and with Puri in particular,

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because Robert thought – incorrectly – that Anson had traded profitably on the limited due diligence he had provided and that Anson had shared this information with others. In November 2018, Robert told Allen Spektor (the person who introduced Robert to Anson) that he wanted Puri fired. On November 8, 2018, Robert wrote to Spektor via a messaging app that "I'm never moving on...And if I see sunny [sic] I might kick him in the teeth[.] Straight up[.] Your friend is a SHYSTER".

- 46. In or around August 2019, Robert provided Anson with diligence concerning General Electric (the "**GE Diligence**"), which Anson did use in respect of a trade. Specifically, on or around August 15, 2019, Anson purchased approximately 5,000 put options in GE, which allow for the right to short sell the equivalent of 500,000 shares. Anson also sold short approximately 430,000 common shares of GE. Anson subsequently closed both positions. Kassam informed Robert about Anson's trades in GE in real time in order to be completely transparent about how Anson was using the GE Diligence. In the aggregate, Anson's GE trade yielded a profit of US\$121,073.70. Anson was prepared to pay Robert 15% of its profit, or US\$18,161.06, for the GE Diligence in accordance with its arrangement with Robert.
- 47. Despite this transparency, Robert refused to accept the amount he was owed for the GE Diligence because he falsely claimed, without any basis, that Anson had "made millions" using it. Instead, Robert began to threaten legal action, as well as physical violence and other retribution.

48. On August 21 and 22, 2019, Robert sent Kassam the following messages (emphasis added):

I'm working on a report

It's called the biggest predatory fund in Potstocks...

I'm going to talk to my lawyer also cause I'm sick [of] people like trying [to] fuck me over...

I'm going to talk to my lawyer sorry Moez sick of this...

So tomorrow I reveal your friendly bear

Just getting started

Reports ready to go...

You fucked over wrong person for last time Moez

Tweets pretty popular

Media already texting me for the story

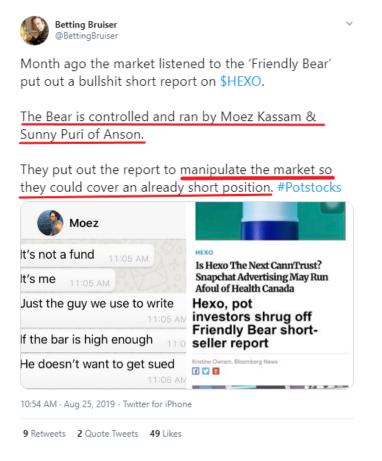
- 49. In September 2019, while Puri was in a meeting at a professional conference at the Shangri-La Hotel in Toronto, Robert threatened to physically assault him in front of other conference attendees.
- 50. After August 2019, Anson never again worked with Robert.

(ii) In Summer 2019, Robert launches a Campaign to spread Unlawful Statements about the Plaintiffs

51. In late August 2019 – a few days after threatening to begin to publicly "reveal" purported content about Anson – Robert unleashed a series of tweets through his Betting Bruiser account making false and defamatory Unlawful Statements about the Plaintiffs. Just as Robert had threatened Kassam, "Betting Bruiser" tweeted false allegations that

Anson and Kassam had commissioned a report that the Friendly Bear, an independent research outfit, had published regarding Hexo Corp., a cannabis company. In particular:

on August 25, 2019, "Betting Bruiser" tweeted false allegations about Anson's purported involvement in the Friendly Bear report. He falsely alleged that Anson "controls" the Friendly Bear – which allegations also appeared in the Defamatory Manifesto over a year later. He included in the tweet a screen shot of text messages from Kassam, which he presented out of context and in a misleading manner (emphasis added below):



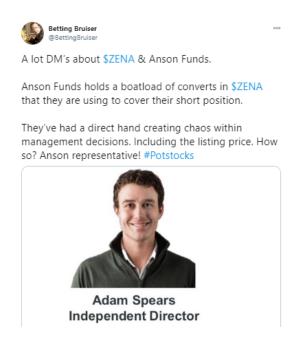
To be clear, neither Anson nor Kassam owns or controls (or owned or controlled at the time) the Friendly Bear. As described above, publication of

public company analysis is a routine feature of the capital markets. Anson and other market participants routinely share investment theses (based on publicly available information) with others in the industry for the purpose of stress testing such theses. To the extent individuals publish reports on public companies, these may or may not accord with the views of Anson and other investment firms. Anson does not "control" such analysts, who independently form their own views regarding companies and independently choose if and when to publish reports;

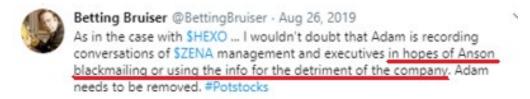
(b) later the same day, he tweeted about his plan to "expose" Anson. This tweet falsely stated that Anson had connections to market manipulators, and that the Anson funds had "created" a "death spiral" in public companies in order to "cash out their short positions":



on August 26, 2019, "Betting Bruiser" published several tweets falsely alleging that Anson used a representative, Adam Spears, on the Board of Directors of a cannabis company named Zenabis Inc. ("Zenabis" or "\$ZENA") to intentionally and negatively influence the company's business decisions and artificially reduce its share price:



(d) later that same day, he tweeted false allegations that Spears was recording conversations among Zenabis management so that Anson could blackmail the company or use the information to its detriment (emphasis added below):



52. On March 11, 2020, "Betting Bruiser" tweeted a photo of Puri, commenting: "The biggest chicken hawk that I've ever met in my life. Every time I see him we have words. Sunny Puri from Anson Funds. If you've ever crossed paths with him then your stock is likely -95% from its high and he holds your [fate] in his hands via convertible debt. #PotStocks". This demonstrates the personal animus that Robert holds towards Puri.

(iii) In Summer 2020, the Conspiracy spreading Unlawful Statements about the Plaintiffs expands

- 53. In July and August 2020, the Defendants conspired to spread the publication of the Unlawful Statements on the Internet, including via posts published on the website Stockhouse. They published posts on Stockhouse on:
 - (a) July 23 (the "July 23 Stockhouse Post"),
 - (b) August 14 (the "August 14 Stockhouse Post"),
 - (c) August 17 (the "August 17 Stockhouse Post"), and
 - (d) August 28, 2020 (the "August 28 Stockhouse Post" and collectively, the"Unlawful Stockhouse Statements").
- 54. The August 14, 17 and 28 Stockhouse Posts were published from Mexico.
- 55. The Defendants have also continued to publish further and additional Unlawful Statements on Stockhouse through at least spring 2021 (collectively, the "Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements"). Many of the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements and Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements were published using IP addresses originating in Mexico, predominantly Mexico City, the surrounding area, and the nearby city of Toluca. At least four employees of www.OilPrice.com are based in Mexico.
- 56. For example, as set out above, on July 23, 2020, Hindenburg Research published a critical report about Facedrive, a company whose stock Stafford was hired to promote.

57. Stafford and the other Defendants conspired to anonymously publish a post titled "The Real Story on Moez Kassam and Anson Funds – Part 1" on Stockhouse on July 23, 2020, under the pseudonym "JusinTime":



July 23, 2020 - 10:11 AM 1049 Reads Post# 31307009

The Real Story on Moez Kassam and Anson Funds - Part 1

- 58. The July 23 Stockhouse Post called Kassam a "criminal" and included statements accusing him of engaging in illegal, unethical, and "corrupt" business practices as well as egregious personal attacks, which were intended to damage his reputation and turn investors away from him. The accusations are false and defamatory.
- 59. The July 23 Stockhouse Post accused Kassam of being "corrupt and criminal" and asserted that his practices included "treading on people, lying and using every trick in the book to bring companies down that he bet against" (emphasis added below):

So here is the beginning part of the tale about the <u>corrupt and criminal CIO at Anson funds?</u>

A few short years ago Moez Kassam was a high flying star in the hedge fund space. He had \$1 billion under management (now down to \$250 million and falling) and was the praise of the financial community. But what people don't know is that his media praise was paid for (like when Toronto Life covered his wedding – paid for and made to look like an editorial - shame), But even worse he made his money the dirty way, treading on people, lying and using every trick in the book to bring companies down that he bet against. Whatever it took, whoever he ruined financially or reputation wise he would do it to turn a profit.

- 60. For more detail on the July 23 Stockhouse Post and information regarding the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements that followed, see **Appendix "D"**.
- 61. Other posts containing Unlawful Statements against the Plaintiffs, in addition to those described in **Appendix "D"**, were published on Stockhouse throughout July and

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August 2020 via Mexican IP addresses. Stockhouse users located in Mexico City and

surrounding areas were some of the most active and frequent posters of Unlawful

Statements on Stockhouse. Later, as set out further below, a Stockhouse account named

"ToffRaffles", which is controlled by Stafford, published several Unlawful Statements on

Stockhouse via a Mexican IP address associated with Mexico City.

62. Following communications with Stockhouse and in light of its website terms and

conditions of use, which prohibit unlawful or defamatory content, the Plaintiffs were able

to have the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements removed from the Stockhouse website.

63. Almost immediately after the removal of the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, the

Defendants conspired to curate a lengthier publication adding to the false and defamatory

statements they previously published via the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements. Then they

took to other means to broadly disseminate the Unlawful Statements as part of their

concerted and coordinated effort to defame the Plaintiffs.

64. On September 10, 2020, "John Murphy" tweeted that Anson and Kassam were

engaged in unlawful market manipulation, and that regulators should scrutinize Anson

and Kassam, tagging the Twitter accounts of Robert ("Betting Bruiser"); Jeff Kehoe, head

of enforcement of the OSC; and Daniel Dale, a reporter with CNN who formerly reported

for The Toronto Star:

these reverse pump and dumps must be watched more closely by the regulators. moez and his band fund these trades every week @ClarityToast finds the next fraud that he is paid to profile. @BettingBruiser @ddale8 @JeffKehoeOSC \$apha \$fd \$gfl \$nkla

65. A few days later, on September 12, 2020, "John Murphy" tweeted (emphasis added):

anson is a very corrupt cad fund nake [sic] shorting many small cap co's and when they get in trouble / want to cover they pay groups like @HindenburgRes to say the co is a fraud and going to zero. how many zeros have they called, the bottom is normally around when the piece comes out

- 66. In or around summer or early fall 2020, Stafford, Rudensky and/or Robert met or spoke and agreed to concoct defamatory allegations against the Plaintiffs and coordinate the content of the Defamatory Manifesto. They were motivated by their respective animus against the Plaintiffs, as described herein. Stafford was aware of Robert's animus against the Plaintiffs because he had publicly documented it via Twitter. Stafford and Rudensky had previously met given that Rudensky's employer, the Delavaco Group, worked with Stafford on several occasions to promote stocks through www.OilPrice.com.
- 67. Stafford, Rudensky and/or Robert met or spoke on at least four occasions to plan the Defamatory Manifesto. At those meetings, some of which were recorded and/or transcribed, Stafford solicited Robert and Rudensky for material to include in the Defamatory Manifesto. Robert and Rudensky purportedly acting as "sources" for Stafford as a "journalist" made false and defamatory allegations against the Plaintiffs that they knew and intended that Stafford or others would use in the Defamatory Manifesto. Stafford, Robert and Rudensky planned to publish the Defamatory Manifesto anonymously because they knew the allegations it contained were defamatory. When Robert later spoke to Kassam about the Defamatory Manifesto, he falsely told Kassam that, although he knew about the Defamatory Manifesto, he was not involved in its drafting

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or publication, and instead blamed only Stafford and Rudensky (as described in

paragraphs 98-99 below).

68. Excerpts from transcripts of meetings and/or conversations between Stafford,

Rudensky and/or Robert to plan the Defamatory Manifesto are included in Appendix "E"

at section A. As set out in **Appendix "E"** at section A, the excerpts from the transcripts

establish that: Rudensky was involved in preparing the Defamatory Manifesto; Stafford

and Robert discussed drafting the Defamatory Manifesto, with Stafford asking Robert to

draft false and defamatory allegations against the Plaintiffs; Stafford, Rudensky and

Robert intended to harm the Plaintiffs by targeting their relationships with brokers and

regulators; Stafford was paid to promote Facedrive; Stafford and Robert discussed

Rudensky's employer, Andy DeFrancesco; and Robert was involved in critical research

findings published about public companies, including Aphria.

69. Stafford, Rudensky, Robert, Jacob and the other Unknown Defendants then wrote

or contributed to the Defamatory Manifesto – using the material provided by Robert and

Rudensky as well as material from other Defendants and other sources – and/or

published, disseminated or publicized the Defamatory Manifesto, as set out below.

70. On or around September 27, 2020, the Defamatory Manifesto – a 20-page screed

titled "Moez Kassam and Anson Funds: A Tale of Corruption, Greed and Failure" -

appeared on the website www.MoezKassam.com. It was published anonymously under

the pseudonym "The Match Man".

- 71. www.MoezKassam.com is a website created or established by the Defendants for the principal purpose of publishing the Defamatory Manifesto in furtherance of the conspiracy.
- 72. In the weeks after the Defamatory Manifesto was published, Anson received two anonymous telephone calls at its offices threatening harm to Anson and physical harm to Kassam personally.
 - (iv) The Defamatory Manifesto expands on previously published false statements and falsely states and implies that the Plaintiffs' behaviour was illegal, unethical, and/or in violation of securities laws
- 73. The Defamatory Manifesto contains many serious and inflammatory allegations regarding the Plaintiffs that are entirely false and that the Defendants knew or ought to have known were false. It repeats and expands on the baseless claims made in Robert's August 2019 tweets and the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements. It falsely and maliciously accuses Anson, Kassam, and other Anson personnel, including Puri, of dishonest and illegal activities that included the following: short-selling schemes, which the Defamatory Manifesto alleges were illegal, even though short selling is a legal trading strategy; insider trading; fraud; and other breaches of securities laws and regulatory rules and policies, among other things.
- 74. Although the Defamatory Manifesto was published anonymously, it references many precise topics that the Doxtators had previously tweeted false claims about. Robert provided this material to Stafford in their meetings to plan the Defamatory Manifesto.
- 75. By way of example, from its first paragraph, the Defamatory Manifesto accuses the Plaintiffs of engaging in criminal and unethical conduct (emphasis added):

Never has there been a bigger scourge of the Canadian capital markets. Moez Kassam and his Anson Funds have systematically engaged in capital market crimes, including insider trading and fraud, to rob North American shareholders of countless millions. In his attempt to destroy small-cap Canadian companies through nefarious means, a string of feeder funds and untraceable payments to elude regulators, Moez Kassam has betrayed even his closest friends. Now, the other shoe is about to drop as Kassam's funds run out and a string of failed attempts at illegal destruction leave this naked short seller truly naked.

- 76. The Defamatory Manifesto labels Kassam the "Toad of Bay Street", with a large photograph of a toad, and advises readers to "steer clear" from Kassam's "*illegal activities*."
- 77. A detailed summary of the entire Defamatory Manifesto can be found in **Appendix** "E" at section B.
- 78. The Defamatory Manifesto encourages readers to share and re-publish it. It also solicits readers to provide additional defamatory material regarding Anson and Kassam for future posts, including by use of the email "hotline" accounts, such as info@moezkassam.com.
- 79. The earliest published version of the Defamatory Manifesto purported to be a standalone document. The Defamatory Manifesto was later amended to allege that it was the first of a three-part series (similar to the "Part 1" concept used in the title of the July 23 Stockhouse Post). "Part 2", the Second Defamatory Manifesto, has been published, as set out below. To Anson's knowledge, the third part has not yet been published. If it is, and it contains false, malicious and defamatory content similar to the Unlawful Statements

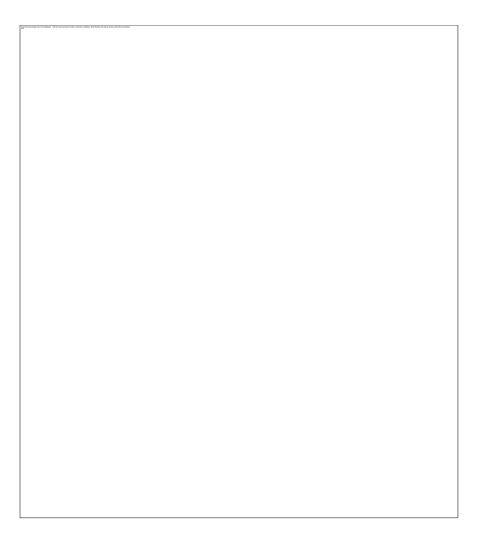
already contained in the Defamatory Manifesto and the Second Defamatory Manifesto, it will cause further, irreparable damage to the Plaintiffs' business and reputations.

- (v) The Defendants procured at least eight internet domains to facilitate widespread publication of their Defamatory Manifesto
- 80. Following communications with the third party host of the www.MoezKassam.com domain, the Plaintiffs were able to have Defamatory Manifesto removed from that website.
- 81. Since that time, the Defendants acquired multiple Internet domain names to republish the Defamatory Manifesto online. To date, the websites acquired and used by the Defendants to publish the Defamatory Manifesto include the following:
 - (a) www.MoezKassam.com;
 - (b) www.StockManipulators.com;
 - (c) www.CapitalMarketCrimes.com;
 - (d) www.StockManipulators.org;
 - (e) www.CapitalMarketCrimes.org;
 - (f) www.MarketCrimes.ws;
 - (g) www.MarketCrimes.to;
 - (h) www.CapitalMarketCrimes.to; and
 - (i) www.MarketFrauds.to.
- 82. Whenever the Plaintiffs have taken steps to have a website containing the Defamatory Manifesto taken down, the Defendants have republished the Defamatory

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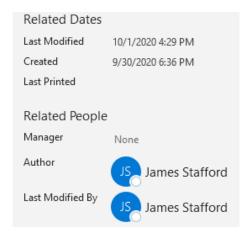
Manifesto on a new website, forcing the Plaintiffs to seek to have that new post of the Defamatory Manifesto taken down. Each time the Defamatory Manifesto is republished online, it increases the harm and damage to the Plaintiffs. The Plaintiffs' claim against the Defendants is in relation to all versions of the Defamatory Manifesto that any of the Defendants published on the Internet, regardless of any differences between published versions of the Defamatory Manifesto.

- 83. The Defendants did not acquire the domain names directly. Rather, in order to cover their tracks and frustrate the Plaintiffs' efforts to determine who was behind the Defamatory Manifesto, the Defendants hired freelance web developers based in Sarajevo, Bosnia and Herzegovina, and potentially other developers based in other jurisdictions, to create the websites and register the websites on their behalf. This was a sophisticated attempt to obfuscate who was behind the Defamatory Manifesto and shield members of the Conspiracy from liability for their misconduct.
- 84. The Defendants or their proxies communicated with the Bosnian developers using anonymous email addresses to conceal their identities, including from the developers themselves. The email addresses used by the Defendants were editormarketinvestigations@protonmail.ch and anesalic@protonmail.com. "Anes Alic", the name used in one of these email addresses, is a "journalist" for Stafford's website www.OilPrice.com (as shown below), and the emails sent by anesalic@protonmail.com to the developers were sent either by Stafford or at his behest:

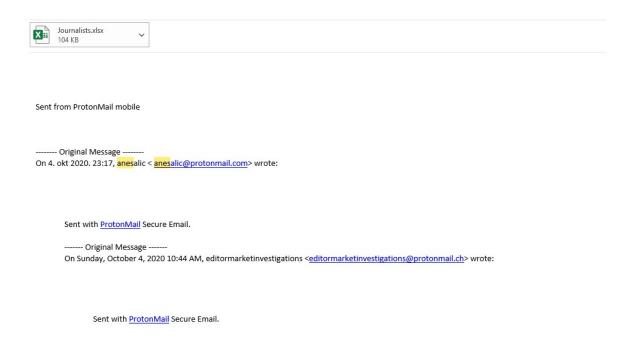


85. Stafford and the other Defendants compiled a spreadsheet containing the names and email addresses of 2,854 journalists, news editors, and others in the business community to whom they planned to disseminate the Defamatory Manifesto. Stafford had many of these names and contact information in his purported capacity as a "journalist". He and the other Defendants – seeking to imbue the Defamatory Manifesto with a false sense of credibility – intended that these journalists and news editors would re-publish the allegations against the Plaintiffs in their respective news outlets. The spreadsheet's metadata (pictured below) indicates that the spreadsheet's author was "James Stafford", and that the spreadsheet was created on September 30, 2020 and last edited October 1,

2020 — just days after the Defamatory Manifesto was first published. Further details of the Defendants' actions in regard to anonymously hiring the Bosnian web developers, and anonymously disseminating the Defamatory Manifesto, can be found in **Appendix** "E" at section C.



86. Stafford and/or the other Defendants, using the email address "anesalic@protonmail.com", sent this spreadsheet to the developers hired to assist with disseminating the Defamatory Manifesto:



- 87. Despite Anson's requests, the current web host of the Defamatory Manifesto on www.MarketFrauds.to has refused to remove it. This website remains accessible on the Internet as of the date of this Amended Statement of Claim.
- 88. The Plaintiffs expended considerable resources in response to the Defendants' online attack, including but not limited to hiring investigators in North America and overseas, and contacting web registrars, hosts, message boards to mitigate the harm.
- 89. After the Plaintiffs worked with website registrars to have the Defamatory Manifesto removed from the websites described in paragraphs 81(a) through 81(i), the Defendants falsely alleged that Anson had undertaken a "Distributed Denial-of-Service" or "DDoS" attack a type of illegal cyber attack in order to have the Defamatory Manifesto removed, further defaming Anson. This is false: the websites were voluntarily taken down by the website hosts or registrars after Anson and/or its legal advisors advised

that the content was false and defamatory and in breach of these hosts/registrar's policies.

(vi) The Defendants conspire to lead widespread dissemination of the Defamatory Manifesto

- 90. On the day the Defamatory Manifesto was initially published, September 27, 2020, "John Murphy" tweeted the first link to the Defamatory Manifesto on www.MoezKassam.com again demonstrating the involvement of the Doxtators in the Defamatory Manifesto and its proliferation. He included in his tweet the Twitter accounts of *The Globe and Mail* newspaper and BNN Bloomberg, with the aim of drawing the Unlawful Statements in the Defamatory Manifesto to their attention. From that initial tweet, the Defamatory Manifesto was reposted, shared and publicized widely around the Internet, including through social media.
- 91. On the same day, the Defendants anonymously sent an unsolicited email containing a link to the Defamatory Manifesto to a reporter at *The Globe and Mail* in an attempt to have the Unlawful Statements further publicized in the media. The Defendants used the email address "capitalmarketsinvestigation@protonmail.com". To further defame the Plaintiffs and in furtherance of the Conspiracy, the Defendants anonymously sent links to the Defamatory Manifesto to other journalists, news editors, and others in the business community as well.
- 92. The Defendants also anonymously sent unsolicited emails containing a link to the Defamatory Manifesto (along with the false and defamatory content set out below) to individuals in the financial industry (the "**Unsolicited Emails**"). One version of the Unsolicited Emails was sent from the address "info@stockmanipulators.org" with the

subject line "Hedge Fund Scandal in Canada and the U.S.: Moez Kassam and Anson Funds accused of Stealing Billions." Another version of the Unsolicited Emails had the title "Urgent News Tip – Huge Hedge Fund Fraud in America and Canada's Stock Markets". These Unsolicited Emails were designed and intended to further harm the Plaintiffs and damage their reputation in the financial industry.

93. On September 28, 2020 – the day after the Defamatory Manifesto was first published – Robert texted Spektor (the contact who introduced him to Anson) the following in reference to the Defamatory Manifesto (emphasis added):

I knew it was coming...

I know who wrote...

Moez likely going [to] sue

94. On September 29, 2020, "Betting Bruiser" tweeted a link to the Defamatory Manifesto, supporting the content of the post as follows:



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95. Further examples of the Unsolicited Emails sharing the Defamatory Manifesto and

the Defendants' concerted effort to disseminate the Defamatory Manifesto and publish it

on Twitter can be found in **Appendix "E"** at sections D and E.

(vii) Shortly after its publication, Robert attempts to leverage the Defamatory Manifesto to extract money from the Plaintiffs and

magnify his attacks

96. In early October 2020, Kassam approached Robert for information about who was

behind the Defamatory Manifesto. In those conversations, Robert sought \$75,000 from

Anson in relation to the due diligence he had provided, referenced in his September 30

tweet, and aggressively suggested that far more would be needed for information

regarding the Unknown Defendants. He also sought blanket immunity, indemnification

and a release from Anson before he would provide assistance, clearly attempting to use

purported leverage against Kassam and Anson. In particular, Robert alleged that the

Unknown Defendants had promised to pay him \$250,000 to assist them, insinuating that

a similar or greater amount would be needed from Anson in order for Robert to forego

assisting the conspirators and/or to provide assistance to Anson.

97. In a Whatsapp chat on October 1, 2020, Robert, using the username "Betting

Bruiser", sent Kassam the following messages (emphasis added):

I sent invoice for what I think you owe me ... if you don't pay

it

I can make 250k going to the other side

And that's not owed to me ... that's just to help bury you.

Choice is yours.

[...]

Again ... I sent invoice for \$75k [which] I think is fair for what you owe me ... I wanna sign indemnification... then we go from there. I'll try my best to get you what you need. That's all.

98. In their Whatsapp chat on October 1, 2020, Robert also told Kassam that Stafford had procured the drafting of the Defamatory Manifesto and was paying individuals for their involvement, including Rudensky. Robert also stated that Stafford was involved in running the "hotline" or tipline to which readers of the Defamatory Manifesto could send information. Robert texted Kassam the following:

[Attachment]

That's what Stafford sent me today

That's the general game plan for part 2 [of the Defamatory Manifesto]

Rudensky for sure wrote part 1 ... Stafford was paying him to do it ... he tried to get me to talk to him ... I assume he's one running the hotline

- 99. By telling Kassam that Stafford "tried to get me to talk to him" for the Defamatory Manifesto, Robert falsely implied that he was not a source of the defamatory allegations, which he was. He placed blame solely on Rudensky and Stafford.
- 100. On October 9, 2020, Kassam informed Robert via Whatsapp chat that Anson would no longer negotiate with him given his involvement in the Conspiracy. Anson was not prepared to provide Robert with payments or a release/indemnity. In response, Robert told Kassam that he had recorded a telephone conversation between them.
- 101. Shortly after the message exchange on October 9, "Betting Bruiser" published a series of tweets making false, defamatory, malicious and harassing allegations against

Anson, Kassam and other individuals associated with Anson. Among other things, these tweets were in retaliation for Anson and Kassam refusing to accede to Robert's aggressive demands. "Betting Bruiser" also threatened to release the recordings that Robert purportedly made of his private conversations with Kassam. These tweets included "Betting Bruiser" wishing death on Kassam on October 9, 2020 – the Friday before Thanksgiving weekend:



102. Further examples of these tweets can be found in **Appendix "E"** at section F.

(viii) The Defamatory Manifesto was disseminated widely online in fall 2020 and beyond

103. The Defendants have discussed, shared and published links to the Defamatory Manifesto, and/or hired others to discuss, share and publish links to the Defamatory Manifesto on their behalf, on several other websites and Internet message boards, including but not limited to Reddit, Stockhouse, Yahoo Finance and on social media. The Defendants or their proxies shared the Defamatory Manifesto in these industry forums using anonymous accounts, many of which were created using VPNs and "burner" email accounts, for the purpose of concealing the Defendants' identities. The Defendants also made further Unlawful Statements against the Plaintiffs while publicizing links to the

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Defamatory Manifesto on these specialized message boards – all designed to cause the Plaintiffs maximum harm.

104. The messages publicizing the Defamatory Manifesto on blogs or chat forums often used similar or the exact same wording as one another (but were published by different usernames), reflecting the Defendants' sophisticated and coordinated effort to anonymously disseminate the Defamatory Manifesto as widely as possible to maximize the damage caused to the Plaintiffs. Examples of messages publicizing the Defamatory Manifesto can be found in **Appendix "E"** at section G.

105. The Defendants published the Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements – a litany of posts on Stockhouse from September 2020 and onwards – to disseminate the Defamatory Manifesto and other Unlawful Statements against the Plaintiffs. In total, over 1,000 such posts appeared on Stockhouse after September 27, 2020 (and the number of posts continues to increase as the Defendants perpetuate the Conspiracy). Many of the Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements were published using single-purpose Stockhouse accounts, created and used predominantly or exclusively for the purpose of disseminating Unlawful Statements. To register these accounts, the Defendants often used email addresses created using www.SharkLasers.com, a website that provides temporary and untraceable email addresses. The Defendants also used VPNs to publish these Stockhouse posts. All of this covert behaviour was for the purpose of concealing the Defendants' identities and obscuring the scope of the Conspiracy. Further details on the Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements can be found in **Appendix "E"** at section G.

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106. Between November 2020 and March 2021, Stafford also personally published

Unlawful Statements on Stockhouse using the username "ToffRaffles", a Stockhouse

account registered to james@floatingmix.com, an email address Stafford owned and

uses (the "Stafford Unlawful Stockhouse Statements"). The Stafford Unlawful

Stockhouse Statements were published in a series of Stockhouse posts via a Mexican IP

address. Stafford's website, www.OilPrice.com, has offices and/or employees in or

around Mexico City. Many of the Stafford Unlawful Stockhouse Statements referred to

Facedrive, one of the companies that Stafford was hired to promote and of which he

owned a significant number of shares. The Stafford Unlawful Stockhouse Statements can

be found in **Appendix** "E" at section H.

107. The Defendants continued to publish Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements in

March and April 2021 and beyond. Many of these were published using the "Tor" browser

(which conceals a user's Internet activity) and Stockhouse accounts registered to

temporary email addresses. Since March 2021, Stockhouse accounts using the Tor

browser have published nearly 600 defamatory posts about the Plaintiffs, showing the

continuing effort to defame the Plaintiffs and the sophistication of the Conspiracy. Further

Unlawful Stockhouse Statements published in spring 2021 had headline tags including

the following:

(a) "How Embarrassing: Another Scandal For This Hedge Fund?";

(b) "Looks Like These Guys Are In Trouble Again";

(c) "Notorious Short Selling Fund In Trouble";

- (d) "Sunny Puri wants to know the truth here it is Sunny Puri";
- (e) "Canadian Hedge Fund under SEC Investigation";
- (f) "Anson Funds under SEC Investigation Do Unitholders know"; and
- (g) "100K Reward for info leading to conviction of Anson Funds".
- (ix) The Second Defamatory Manifesto and other defamatory articles

 108. On or around June 28, 2021, Stafford, Robert, Jacob and the other Unknown

 Defendants published the Second Defamatory Manifesto, titled "Moez Kassam & Anson

 Funds Part II: Rotten To The Core", on the website www.marketfrauds.to. The Second

 Defamatory Manifesto continued the malicious attack against the Plaintiffs contained in
 the Defamatory Manifesto and the other Unlawful Statements, using many of the same
 themes. By way of example, the Second Defamatory Manifesto:
 - (a) falsely alleged that the Plaintiffs were being investigated by the OSC and SEC and solicited readers to send "tips" to regulators;
 - (b) claimed that Anson's "bumper year in 2020" was due to its "destroying a fair number of companies and causing thousands of regular shareholders to lose their savings";
 - (c) called Kassam "a naked short seller whose activities are criminal and whose modus operandi is to manipulate the market and infiltrate companies to destroy them from the inside, while violating all short selling laws. He deliberately goes out of his way to ensure that companies fail";

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- (d) alleged that the Plaintiffs and The Globe and Mail conspired so that the newspaper "publish[es] a hit piece" on companies in which Anson has a short position; and
- (e) falsely claimed that the Plaintiffs commissioned and paid for critical media articles and critical analysis from industry analysts regarding, among other things, RECO (Reconnaissance Energy Africa Ltd.) and Facedrive.
- 109. As set out in **Appendix "C"**, Stafford was hired to promote and increase RECO's stock price. *The Globe and Mail* published an article questioning the stock promotion activities and public disclosure of RECO on June 20, 2021. Viceroy Research, another investment firm, published analysis also questioning the quality of RECO assets and stock value on June 24, 2021. The Second Defamatory Manifesto was released on June 28, 2021, days after *The Globe and Mail* reporting and Viceroy Research analysis. As set out above, it is in the normal course that market participants and media look at facts and objective sources to analyse and report on different companies. Where those companies turn out to be grossly overvalued, market participants and media may publish their findings in that regard. This is part of properly functioning capital markets.
- 110. The Second Defamatory Manifesto included snippets of audio recordings of conversations Kassam had with Robert several years ago, which only included one side of the conversation when Kassam was speaking. Robert took these recordings without Kassam's consent and gave them to Stafford and/or the other Defendants. The recordings were presented in the Second Defamatory Manifesto without context and in a

deliberately misleading manner in order to promote the defamatory meanings pleaded above.

- 111. The Second Defamatory Manifesto made numerous other defamatory allegations against the Plaintiffs, including that they manipulated stocks through social media, engaged in bribery and insider trading, commissioned DDOS attacks, filed false financial reporting, and "utilize Water boarding style trading tactics". The Second Defamatory Manifesto accused Anson of "attacking" several companies, including Zoom, Facedrive, GSX Techedu, Genius Brands International, Gamestop, Valorem Resources, Starr Peak Mining, Whole Earth Brands, United Lithium, Mountain Valley MD Holdings, SOL Global, Clean Power Capital Corp, Red White & Bloom, Moderna, Medivolve, AMM Power, Value Line, Champignon Brands, "and many others."
- 112. Several other defamatory posts were published on www.marketfrauds.to in addition to the Second Defamatory Manifesto (the "Additional Unlawful Posts"), including posts with the following titles:
 - (a) "Moez Kassam has moved over \$20 million into offshore accounts in UAE and Dubai", on May 15 and reposted on May 19, 2021.
 - (b) "Reconnaissance Energy Africa is Anson Funds next target Illegal tactics being employed by Anson", on May 23, 2021;
 - (c) "Anson Funds short and distort campaign against Recon Africa (and Globe& Mail corruption)", on May 31, 2021;

- (d) "Corruption at Globe and Mail Mail sent to their staff and regulators", on June 18, 2021; and
- (e) "Hurt by Anson Funds the SEC wants to hear from you ASAP", on July 21, 2021.

E. THE DEFENDANTS ARE LIABLE

113. The Defendants are liable to the Plaintiffs for conspiracy, publicity that inaccurately places the plaintiff in a false light, intentional interference with economic relations, misappropriation of personality, internet harassment, and defamation.

(i) The Defendants' Tortious Conspiracy Against Anson

- 114. Robert, Jacob and the Unknown Defendants conspired with one another to make and publicize the Unlawful Statements against the Plaintiffs. They formed an agreement with one another to injure the Plaintiffs, and in making the Unlawful Statements, their predominant purpose was to injure the Plaintiffs namely, by damaging their business and reputation.
- 115. Moreover, the Defendants carried out the conspiracy by the unlawful means of defamation and other tortious misconduct pleaded herein.
- 116. The Defendants knew, or should have known, that the Unlawful Statements about the Plaintiffs and the publicity attached to them would be extremely harmful to the Plaintiffs, damaging their reputation and business.

117. The Defendants acted in furtherance of the Conspiracy by making, assisting with, participating in, and/or publicizing the Unlawful Statements, causing damage to the Plaintiffs.

(ii) False light

- 118. In addition, the Defendants are liable for placing Anson and Kassam in a false light.
- 119. By making, assisting with, participating in and/or publicizing the Unlawful Statements, the Defendants gave publicity to very serious false allegations against Anson and Kassam that placed them in a false light. The Defendants have publicly, falsely accused Anson and Kassam of serious crimes including fraud, insider trading and other significant breaches of applicable securities laws and regulations, as well as cyber crimes. These allegations would be highly offensive to a reasonable person.
- 120. In making, assisting with, participating in and/or publicizing the Unlawful Statements, the Defendants knew or recklessly disregarded the falsity of the Unlawful Statements against Anson and Kassam and the false light in which they would thereby be placed.

(iii) Intentional interference with economic relations

121. By making, assisting with, contributing to and/or publicizing the Unlawful Statements, including through the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, the Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, the Defamatory Manifesto, the Second Defamatory Manifesto, and the Additional Unlawful Posts, Robert and Jacob's Twitter accounts, and other websites, the Defendants are liable for intentional interference with Anson's economic relations.

122. The Defendants, with the intention of harming Anson's business and damaging its reputation, made a series of false, malicious, defamatory and unlawful public statements about Anson's principal, Kassam, as well as other Anson personnel, including Puri and Anson's General Counsel, Laura Salvatori. The Unlawful Statements falsely accused Kassam, and by extension Anson, of unlawful, dishonest and criminal conduct. The Unlawful Statements were published to countless market participants, including current and potential Anson investors. As a result of the Unlawful Statements, these third parties were deceived about the subject matter of the Unlawful Statements. The purpose and result of the Defendants' deceit was to harm Anson and Kassam.

(iv) Appropriation of personality

- 123. The Defendants are liable for wrongfully appropriating Kassam's personality by purchasing the domain name "www.MoezKassam.com" and using it to publicize the Unlawful Statements regarding Anson and Kassam. The Defendants also acquired the email address "info@moezkassam.com" in furtherance of the Conspiracy.
- 124. By using the domain name in this manner, they violated Kassam's exclusive right to use his own identity, particularly his name, causing damage.

(v) Internet harassment

125. The Defendants are liable for internet harassment of the Plaintiffs by writing, publishing, disseminating, and publicizing all of the Unlawful Statements – including the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, the Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, the Unsolicited Emails, the Defamatory Manifesto, the Second Defamatory Manifesto, the Additional Unlawful Posts, and countless communications via social media. The

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Defendants' defamation campaign against the Plaintiffs has lasted over a year to date and is ongoing, with no end in sight. They have publicized the Unlawful Statements in a wide range of Internet forums with the intent of maximizing the spread of their false and defamatory allegations.

126. In writing, publishing, disseminating and publicizing the Unlawful Statements, the Defendants maliciously or recklessly engaged in outrageous, extreme conduct that is beyond all possible bounds of decency or tolerance, causing the Plaintiffs damage. The Defendants intended to impugn the Plaintiffs' dignity and cause fear, anxiety or emotional upset in the Plaintiffs.

(vi) Defamation

127. Finally, the Defendants are liable for defamation for the false and highly defamatory statements made in the Unlawful Statements, including the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, the Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, the Unsolicited Emails, and, ultimately, the Defamatory Manifesto (which was published multiple times, using various domain names), the Second Defamatory Manifesto, the Stafford Unlawful Stockhouse Statements and the Additional Unlawful Posts. The Doxtators are further liable for the false and defamatory statements they published about the Plaintiffs on Twitter.

The Unlawful Stockhouse Statements are Defamatory

128. The Unlawful Stockhouse Statements (discussed above at paragraphs 53 to 60 and in **Appendix "D"**) in their entirety, in their natural and ordinary meaning, including their express and implied meaning in their full context, and/or by innuendo, are false and

defamatory of the Plaintiffs. In addition to the natural and ordinary meanings of the Unlawful Statements contained in the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements would lead a reasonable reader to conclude, or would mean or would be understood to mean, the following regarding Anson and its principals:

- (a) they are corrupt, dishonest, deceptive, duplicitous and cannot be trusted;
- (b) they destroy and/or devalue companies and their shareholders through nefarious means in order to benefit financially;
- (c) they get in over their heads and are unable to control their investments/trading strategies, and/or are inept, incompetent and reckless in their investment/trading practices;
- they engage in unlawful and illegal activities, including market manipulation,
 abusive trading practices, and securities law and/or criminal law violations;
- (e) they published or participated in the creation of false research reports for the purpose of manipulating the market; and
- (f) they ought to be investigated, including by regulators.
- 129. In addition to the meanings set out in paragraph 128, and in addition to its plain and ordinary meaning, the July 23 Stockhouse Post would lead a reasonable reader to conclude, or would mean or would be understood to mean, the following regarding Anson and its principals:

- (a) they are criminals;
- (b) they bribe and/or induce regulators through other means to ignore their unlawful and/or illegal activities;
- (c) they do not exercise proper judgment and they make poor business decisions;
- (d) they cannot be trusted with investors' funds;
- (e) they have not legitimately earned their success and goodwill;
- (f) the Anson Funds lost millions of dollars due to their reckless conduct; and
- (g) they were humiliated and desperate as a result of the losses they incurred.
- 130. In addition to the meanings set out in paragraph 128, and in addition to its plain and ordinary meaning, the August 14 Stockhouse Post would lead a reasonable reader to conclude, or would mean or would be understood to mean, the following regarding Anson and its principals:
 - they caused Anson Funds to lose hundreds of millions of dollars due to their reckless conduct or ineptitude;
 - (b) they were humiliated and desperate as a result of their business losses;
 - (c) they ought to be avoided, as associating with them will result in harm;
 - (d) they encourage or induce others to become corrupt;

- (e) they caused or contributed to the publication of misleading, false, and/or fraudulent information regarding a legitimate company;
- (f) they will be investigated and punished by regulators; and
- (g) with respect to Kassam, in particular, that he is unscrupulous, immoral and unethical.
- 131. In addition to the meanings set out in paragraph 128, and in addition to its plain and ordinary meaning, the August 17 Stockhouse Post would lead a reasonable reader to conclude, or would mean or would be understood to mean, the following regarding Anson and its principals:
 - (a) they have significantly harmed the capital markets through their unethical,unlawful, duplicitous and/or illegal conduct;
 - (b) they engaged in malicious, unlawful, and targeted attacks and/or trading and other conduct to harm Aphria and its shareholders in order to increase their own wealth;
 - (c) they engage in predatory, opportunistic, dishonest and unethical conduct for financial gain;
 - (d) they corrupt and/or induce others to engage in or assist in improper conduct;
 - (e) they unlawfully and/or improperly obtained and misused confidential/insider/material non-public information:

- (f) they provided false, fraudulent, or misleading information about Aphria for publication and dissemination to harm Aphria, and for their own gain;
- (g) they profit off the hardship and damage they cause to others;
- (h) they will be investigated and punished; and
- (i) with respect to Kassam in particular, that:
 - i. he is two-faced, a fake and a fraud; and
 - ii. he is amoral, lacks a conscience, and engages in reprehensible and antisocial conduct.
- 132. In addition to the meanings set out in paragraph 128, and in addition to its plain and ordinary meaning, the August 28 Stockhouse Post would lead a reasonable reader to conclude, or would mean or would be understood to mean, the following regarding Anson and its principals:
 - (a) they used illegal, unethical, and/or nefarious means to destroy and/or devalue the Canadian company, Zenabis, for financial gain;
 - (b) they covertly or otherwise inserted a "stooge" to influence Zenabis' decisions and/or cause the company to act against its own interests for Anson's gain;
 - (c) they exploit, induce and/or corrupt others to engage in dishonest, illegal, unlawful, and/or unethical activities on their behalf;

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- (d) they coerce, deceive, or trick companies into acting against those companies own interests and/or into making poor decisions for the Plaintiffs' financial gain;
- (e) they knowingly, intentionally or recklessly encourage and/or engage in conflicts of interests for ulterior purposes;
- (f) the Anson Funds lost millions of dollars due to the reckless conduct of its principals;
- (g) they engaged in illegal and unlawful activity including securities law violations, such as insider trading and failing to disclose information as required by law; and
- (h) they will target, attack, harm and/or destroy more companies.

The Defamatory Manifesto

Appendix "E" at paragraphs 42 to 65) in its entirety, in its natural and ordinary meaning, including its express and implied meaning in its full context, and/or by innuendo, including in conjunction with the images contained in the Defamatory Manifesto, is false and defamatory of the Plaintiffs. In addition to the natural and ordinary meanings of the statements contained in the Defamatory Manifesto, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Defamatory Manifesto would lead a reasonable reader to conclude, or would mean or would be understood to mean, that Anson and its principals, including Kassam, repeatedly, intentionally and maliciously engaged in unlawful and illegal

business practices to destroy, and did destroy or cause harm to, legitimate companies and businesses, including Aphria, Zenabis and Genius Brands International (as defined in **Appendix "E"**), to increase their financial wealth. In addition, and more particularly, the Defamatory Manifesto means or would be understood to mean that Anson and its principals:

- (a) are deceptive, dishonest, deceitful, sneaky, duplicitous, immoral, unscrupulous and cannot be trusted;
- (b) lack integrity, are unethical, predatory, and corrupt;
- (c) are liars, cheats, thieves and crooks;
- (d) have not legitimately earned their success and goodwill;
- (e) are incompetent and/or inept in business;
- (f) they attempted to harm and/or destroy legitimate companies, including

 Tilray (as defined in **Appendix "D"**) and Facedrive, but failed due to their

 incompetence and/or ineptitude;
- (g) are desperate, and engage in rash, reckless and/or extreme behaviour;
- (h) engage in predatory, surreptitious and unethical business practices;
- engaged in, and continue to engage in, unlawful and/or illegal activities, including securities law and/or criminal law violations, and including fraud, illegal short-selling schemes, market manipulation, abusive trading practices and insider trading;

- (j) involved other entities in their unlawful, illegal, and/or fraudulent activities;
- (k) engaged in conspiracies with other entities, including by paying for short reports and long/buy reports, in order to benefit financially;
- (I) committed, and continue to commit, crimes and/or are criminals;
- (m) are part of a criminal enterprise and/or criminal alliance;
- (n) operate their business in a manner that is contrary to applicable law and regulations;
- (o) breached, and continue to breach, securities laws and regulatory rules and policies;
- (p) unlawfully and/or illegally obtained and misused confidential/insider/material non-public information;
- (q) exploit information or resources that they have been trusted to protect;
- (r) published or participated in the creation of false research reports for the purpose of manipulating the market;
- (s) use unlawful and/or illegal means to silence critics because they have something nefarious to hide;
- (t) robbed and/or defrauded North American shareholders of millions of dollars;
- (u) harmed investors in Canada and the United States;

- (v) targeted and destroyed legitimate companies through nefarious means to increase their wealth;
- (w) made false reports to regulators and engaged in fraudulent social media campaigns to manipulate the capital markets;
- (x) inflict serious harm on the Canadian capital markets and on investors;
- (y) are involved in fraudulent activity of the kind that ought to concern authorities and regulators;
- (z) ought to be investigated, including by regulators in Canada and the United States;
- (aa) are being, have been, and/or will be investigated by regulators;
- (bb) ought to be and/or will be penalized and/or imprisoned;
- (cc) have caused, are causing, and will cause financial ruin to their partners, investors, and other capital market participants; and
- (dd) with respect to Kassam, in particular:
 - that he is a sociopath, engages in reprehensible and repulsive conduct, is amoral, lacks a conscience, and engages in antisocial behaviour; and
 - ii. does not exercise judgment and cannot be trusted with investors' funds.

The Second Defamatory Manifesto

- 134. The Second Defamatory Manifesto (discussed above at paragraphs 108 to 112) in its entirety, in its natural and ordinary meaning, including its express and implied meaning in its full context, and/or by innuendo, including in conjunction with the images contained in the Second Defamatory Manifesto, is false and defamatory of the Plaintiffs. In addition to the natural and ordinary meanings of the statements contained in the Second Defamatory Manifesto, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Second Defamatory Manifesto would lead a reasonable reader to conclude, or would mean or would be understood to mean, that Anson and its principals, including Kassam, repeatedly, intentionally and maliciously engaged in unlawful and illegal business practices to destroy, and did destroy or cause harm to, legitimate companies and businesses in order to increase their financial wealth, including Zoom, Facedrive, GSX Techedu, Genius Brands International, Gamestop, RECO, Valorem Resources, Starr Peak Mining, Whole Earth Brands, United Lithium, Mountain Valley MD Holdings, SOL Global, Clean Power Capital Corp, Red White & Bloom, Moderna, Medivolve, AMM Power, Value Line, Champignon Brands, Madmen, and Zenabis. In addition, and more particularly, the Defamatory Manifesto means or would be understood to mean that Anson and its principals:
 - (a) engaged in, and continue to engage in, unlawful and/or illegal activities, including securities law and/or criminal law violations, and including fraud, illegal short-selling schemes, market manipulation, abusive trading practices, insider trading, filing false financial reporting, and bribery;

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- (b) manipulate the stock market, including through social media;
- (c) deliberately try to destroy, and in fact destroy, legitimate companies;
- (d) deliberately cause harm to ordinary shareholders, including loss of savings or investments;
- (e) conspired with media outlets to disseminate false reporting regarding legitimate companies;
- (f) ought to be investigated, including by regulators in Canada and the United States;
- (g) are being, have been, and/or will be investigated by regulators; and
- (h) ought to be and/or will be penalized and/or imprisoned.

Stafford Unlawful Stockhouse Statements

- 135. The Stafford Unlawful Stockhouse Statements (discussed above at paragraph 106 and in **Appendix** "E" at paragraph 93) in their entirety, in their natural and ordinary meaning, including their express and implied meaning in their full context, and/or by innuendo, are false and defamatory of the Plaintiffs. In addition to the natural and ordinary meanings of the Unlawful Statements contained in the Stafford Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Stafford Unlawful Stockhouse Statements would lead a reasonable reader to conclude, or would mean or would be understood to mean, the following regarding Anson and its principals:
 - (a) they are corrupt, dishonest, deceptive, duplicitous and cannot be trusted;

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(b) they destroy and/or devalue companies and their shareholders through nefarious means in order to benefit financially;

- (c) they engage in unlawful and illegal activities, including market manipulation, abusive trading practices, and securities law and/or criminal law violations, and conspire with others, including financial institutions, in these unlawful and illegal activities;
- (d) their unlawful and illegal conduct has ruined the market;
- (e) they published or participated in the creation of false research reports for the purpose of manipulating the market;
- (f) they are unable to control their investments/trading strategies, and/or are inept, incompetent and reckless in their investment/trading practices; and
- (g) they should be investigated, including by regulators.

Robert Lee Doxtator's Defamatory Tweets

- 136. In addition to the foregoing and as set out below, the Defendant Robert is liable to the Plaintiffs for defamation in relation to a number of tweets he published under the username "Betting Bruiser". The defamatory tweets of which the Plaintiffs are currently aware are included as **Appendix "A"**. They include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (a) as discussed above at paragraph 51(a) an August 25, 2019 tweet from "Betting Bruiser" falsely alleged that the Plaintiffs put out a false report "to manipulate the market so they could cover an already short position";

- (b) as discussed above at paragraph 51(b) another August 25, 2019 tweet from "Betting Bruiser" falsely alleged that the Plaintiffs had "connections to other short sellers and market manipulators" and "historically invested [in] and the death spiral the fund created to cash out their short positions";
- (c) as discussed above at paragraph 51(c) on August 26, 2019, "Betting Bruiser" published several tweets falsely alleging that the Plaintiffs used a representative on Zenabis' Board of Directors, Adam Spears, to negatively influence the company's business decisions, reduce its share price and provide them with inside information/material non-public information;
- (d) as discussed above at paragraph 51(d), a subsequent tweet on August 26, 2019 alleged that Spears was "recording conversations of [Zenabis] management and executives in hopes of Anson blackmailing or using the info for the detriment of the company";
- (e) as discussed above at paragraph 94, a September 29, 2020 tweet from "Betting Bruiser" falsely alleged that the Plaintiffs use "tactics" that "are simply sleight of hand with the gift of gab";
- (f) as discussed in **Appendix "E"** at paragraph 80, in a subsequent tweet on September 30, Robert alleged that the Plaintiffs "use people and don't pay anyone but themselves";
- (g) as discussed above at paragraph 101 and in **Appendix "E"** at paragraph83, on October 9 Robert published a series of tweets, falsely alleging a

"toxic financing deal" involving Anson's legal counsel, that Anson Funds investors ought to "be prepared to have [their] funds locked up" given the information indicating "scams to benefit...Kassam" and allegations "he broke the law", threatening to "speak to regulators about Anson Funds" to collect a reward, and falsely alleging that the Plaintiffs pay Ben Axler;

- (h) as discussed in **Appendix "E"** at paragraph 87, on October 30, Robert published tweets alleging that Kassam is "running scared from recent reports about his tactics" and "the scum of the earth", and that he has others do "his dirty work for him".
- 137. These tweets, in their natural and ordinary meaning, including their express and implied meaning, and/or by innuendo, are false and defamatory of the Plaintiffs. In addition to the plain and ordinary meaning of each of the tweets, they would lead a reasonable reader to conclude, or would mean or would be understood to mean, that Anson and its principals, including Kassam:
 - (a) are liars, are dishonest, duplicitous, immoral, deceptive, unscrupulous, unethical, sneaky, and cannot be trusted;
 - (b) engage in unlawful and illegal conduct, including securities law and/or criminal law violations, and including insider trading, market manipulation, abusive trading practices and fraud; and
 - (c) destroy legitimate businesses through nefarious means for their financial gain.

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138. Additionally, the October 9 series of Tweets, in addition to their plain and ordinary meaning, would lead readers to conclude, or would mean or would be understood to mean, that Anson and its principals, including Kassam:

- (a) ought to be and will be investigated, including by regulators; and
- (b) will cause harm to their investors.

Jacob Doxtator's Defamatory Tweets

- 139. In addition to the foregoing and as set out below, the Defendant Jacob is liable to the Plaintiffs for defamation in relation to a number of tweets he published using the alterego named "John Murphy" with the username @JohnMur67039142, which are, in their natural and ordinary meaning, including their express and implied meaning, and/or by innuendo, are false and defamatory of the Plaintiffs. The defamatory tweets of which the Plaintiffs are currently aware are included as **Appendix "B"**, and include, but are not limited to, the following:
 - (a) as discussed in **Appendix "E"** at paragraph 28, an August 14, 2020 retweet falsely claimed that Anson was behind the Hindenburg Research report regarding Aphria, included a picture of Kassam, and stated "how dirty moez hurt his business partner [sic] and lied to the founders of \$apha [Aphria]. On the same day Jacob also tweeted that Kassam had "paid for negative promotions" regarding Facedrve, Aphria, Tilray "and many more". In addition to the plain and ordinary meaning of these tweets, the tweets

would lead a reasonable reader to conclude that Anson and its principals, including Kassam:

- i. are corrupt, dishonest, deceitful, deceptive, duplicitous, and cannot be trusted;
- ii. engaged in malicious, unlawful, and targeted attacks to harm legitimate companies and their shareholders; and
- iii. provided false, fraudulent, or misleading information about legitimate companies (including Aphria, Facedrive and Tilray) for publication and dissemination to harm them;
- (b) as discussed above at paragraph 64, a September 10, 2020 tweet stated that regulators should scrutinize Anson and Kassam: "these reverse pump and dumps must be watched more closely by the regulators. moez [sic] and his band fund these trades every week..." In addition to the plain and ordinary meaning of the tweet, the tweet would lead a reasonable reader to conclude that Anson and its principals, including Kassam:
 - engage in unlawful and illegal activities, including securities law violations; and
 - ii. ought to be investigated, including by regulators;
- (c) as discussed above at paragraph 65 and in **Appendix "E"** at paragraph 79, a September 12, 2020 tweet alleged "anson [sic] is a very corrupt cad fund

nake [sic] shorting many small cap co's and when they get in trouble / want to cover they pay groups like @HindenburgRes to say the co is a fraud and going to zero. how many zeros have they called. the bottom is normally around when the piece comes out". On September 29, he added, "big difference from shorting a fraud and paying for a short report calling a company a fraud to try and fix your trade. bad companies need to be taken down. big difference between the two. anson does both! [sic]". In addition to the plain and ordinary meaning of these tweets, the tweets would lead a reasonable reader to conclude that Anson and its principals, including Kassam:

- i. are corrupt, reckless and dishonest; and
- ii. provide false, fraudulent, or misleading information about legitimate companies to harm those companies and benefit themselves; and
- (d) as discussed in **Appendix** "E" at paragraphs 78 and 82, two September 29, 2020 tweets included a link to the Defamatory Manifesto, and stated: "stockmanipulators.com. Cyber crimes added to the list of wrongdoings by @AnsonGroupFunds? who funded this defense? Unit holders?", and "sounds like #moez attacked the site where the @AnsonGroupFunds report was profiled. a very expensive DDOS attack to prevent the public from seeing the piece. Investors in the fund probably have plenty of questions for @MunchingMoez @davidmilstead \$apha \$fd \$shrm many more"." In addition to the plain and ordinary meaning of these tweets, these tweets

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would lead a reasonable reader to conclude that Anson and its principals, including Kassam:

- i. engage in illegal and unlawful activities, including criminal law violations and are criminals;
- ii. are dishonest and deceptive; and
- iii. misuse investor funds, including for their personal benefit.

140. Jacob is also liable for using the "John Murphy" Twitter account to re-tweet other Twitter users' false and defamatory statements about the Plaintiffs.

The Unsolicited Emails are Defamatory

- 141. As discussed above at paragraph 92 and in **Appendix** "E" at paragraphs 73 to 75, the Defendants anonymously sent Unsolicited Emails regarding the Plaintiffs. The Unsolicited Emails, in their entirety, in their natural and ordinary meaning, including their express and implied meaning in their full context, and/or by innuendo, are false and defamatory of the Plaintiffs. In addition to the natural and ordinary meanings of the Unlawful Statements contained in the Unsolicited Emails, and without limiting the generality of the foregoing, the Unsolicited Emails would lead a reasonable reader to conclude, or would mean or would be understood to mean, the following regarding Anson and its principals, including Kassam:
 - (a) they engage in wrongdoing, unlawful, illegal, and unethical conduct, including securities law and/or criminal law violations, insider trading, market manipulation, abusive trading practices, fraud and cybercrimes;

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- (b) they destroy legitimate businesses through nefarious means;
- (c) they have robbed shareholders of billions of dollars;
- (d) they are dishonest and cannot be trusted; and
- (e) they are criminals.

142. The Plaintiffs have not seen all of the Unsolicited Emails or any of the emails in their entirety and reserve their right to amend this pleading to add additional meanings and/or claims once they are discovered.

The Defendants were Malicious

- 143. The Defendants acted with malice: they made, assisted with, participated in and/or publicized the Unlawful Statements, knowing that the Unlawful Statements were false or misleading and/or while intentionally, recklessly or callously disregarding their falsity and the harm that the allegations would do to the Plaintiffs. They acted for the predominant purposes of harming the Plaintiffs, including in pursuit of their animus and vendetta against the Plaintiffs. Examples of the Defendants' malicious conduct include the following:
 - (a) the Defamatory Manifesto, the Second Defamatory Manifesto, the Additional Unlawful Posts and other Unlawful Statements solicited readers to confidentially provide additional material for future Defamatory Manifestos;
 - (b) the Second Defamatory Manifesto is nearly 10,000 words even longer than the original Defamatory Manifesto and repeated and/or amplified

many false and defamatory allegations contained in the Defamatory Manifesto and other Unlawful Statements, and/or elaborated on those allegations and made new and additional false and defamatory allegations against the Plaintiffs;

- (c) Stafford, Rudensky and Robert specifically targeted and maliciously intended to cause harm to the Plaintiffs by writing, publishing, disseminating, and/or procuring the writing, publishing and dissemination of the Defamatory Manifesto and the Second Defamatory Manifesto, including, for Stafford, because of his financial interest in Facedrive and/or RECO. Stafford was directly or indirectly hired to promote these companies and owned a significant number of their shares, and he publicly falsely accused Anson of hiring market participants and media to publish critical commentary on these companies using fabricated material. In fact, market participants and media analysed these companies, using publicly available information, because the companies' inflated share prices were grossly disproportionate to their fundamental value. In well functioning capital markets, it is in the normal course for market participants to comment critically on overvalued companies, and to discuss, share and comment on research, due diligence and investment theses with one another;
- (d) the Defendants' continuous and ongoing efforts to draw the Unlawful Statements to the attention of regulators and the media; and

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(e) in addition to publishing the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements in summer 2020, from fall 2020 and continuing to at least spring 2021, the Defendants published, hired others to publish or otherwise procured the publishing of, over 1,000 Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, which repeated, amplified and/or elaborated on the false and defamatory allegations contained in the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, the Defamatory Manifesto, and other Unlawful Statements, and significantly increased the likelihood that such allegations would be re-published by others, as set out below. Stafford also published the Stafford Unlawful Stockhouse Statements using the username "ToffRaffles" between November 2020 and March 2021.

144. The Defendants repeatedly published the Unlawful Statements on various websites and through various means, including through the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, the Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, the Unsolicited Emails, the Defamatory Manifesto, the Second Defamatory Manifesto, the Additional Unlawful Posts, and the tweets described above, in an attempt to publish them to the widest audience possible and cause the greatest possible commercial and emotional harm to the Plaintiffs.

The Defendants are liable for republication of the Unlawful Statements

145. The Defendants are also liable for republication of all of the Unlawful Statements, which was a natural and probable result of the Unlawful Statements given, among other things, the volume of Unlawful Statements published and publicized by the Defendants. In fact, the Defendants actively encouraged republication of the Defamatory Manifesto

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and Second Defamatory Manifesto, both in the text of the Defamatory Manifesto and Second Defamatory Manifesto themselves, and in Robert's and Jacob's tweets sharing the Defamatory Manifesto. Many of the nearly 1,000 Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements also actively encouraged the republication of the Defamatory Manifesto and/or other Unlawful Statements. Republications of the Defamatory Manifesto and

F. DAMAGES

Second Defamatory Manifesto currently remain online.

- 146. The Defendants' conduct has caused substantial damage to the Plaintiffs' business and reputations. The Unlawful Statements have been widely distributed and publicized and have been viewed by thousands of people to date. Versions of the Defamatory Manifesto and the Second Defamatory Manifesto remains widely available on the Internet. The Unlawful Statements have significantly interfered with and disrupted the Plaintiffs' business and affairs and their relationship with clients, counterparties, and potential investors, leading to a loss of business opportunities.
- 147. Moreover, the Plaintiffs have incurred significant costs and spent a significant amount of time investigating who is behind the Conspiracy and in seeking to have the Unlawful Statements removed from various websites.
- 148. As mentioned above, Anson has also received threatening telephone calls to its offices because of the Unlawful Statements.
- 149. Particulars regarding damages will be provided in advance of trial.

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> 150. The Plaintiffs also seek an interim, interlocutory and permanent injunction restraining the Defendants from publishing further unlawful and defamatory statements about the Plaintiffs. As noted above, despite Anson's diligent attempts to have the Defamatory Manifesto and Unlawful Stockhouse Statements removed from the Internet. the Defendants persist in acquiring new websites to publish and disseminate the Defamatory Manifesto, the Second Defamatory Manifesto and Additional Unlawful Posts; in repeating the Unlawful Statements and publicizing the Defamatory Manifesto and Second Defamatory Manifesto through social media, including Twitter; and in publishing the Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, which publicized and disseminated the Defamatory Manifesto, Second Defamatory Manifesto and other Unlawful Statements. In addition, the Defendants threatened the release of two additional "Parts" to the Defamatory Manifesto. They have released one additional "Part", the Second Defamatory Manifesto, as well as the Additional Unlawful Posts about the Plaintiffs. This conduct has caused, is causing, and will continue to cause irreparable harm to the Plaintiffs' business and their reputations. This nonstop game of "whack-a-mole" cries out for a remedy.

> 151. Finally, the Defendants are liable for aggravated and punitive or exemplary damages. The Defendants maliciously and intentionally caused harm to the Plaintiffs through the repeated and coordinated and continuing publication, and broad online dissemination, of the Unlawful Statements. Further, Robert attempted to obtain significant payments and other benefits to purportedly assist Anson, which Anson refused. The Defendants knew, and in fact intended, that serious harm would result from their unlawful conduct.

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- 152. The Defendants executed a coordinated, malicious campaign to spread lies about the Plaintiffs and damage their business, including attempting to reach the attention of securities regulators such as the OSC, the SEC, and IIROC. The Plaintiffs believe that the Defendants intended to cause them to become the subject of regulatory inquiries or investigations on the basis of these false and misleading allegations. Such inquiries or investigations would result in serious and irreparable reputational harm, and in addition would force the Plaintiffs to divert significant time, financial and other resources, and management attention, towards addressing any such inquiries or investigations. The Defendants also took steps to attract media attention to the Unlawful Statements in an attempt to further publicize them. The Defendants acted in a high-handed, malicious, arbitrary and/or highly reprehensible manner, as set above, which constitutes a marked departure from ordinary standards of decent behaviour. The Defendants' conduct requires the sanction of the Court.
- 153. The Plaintiffs propose that this action be tried at Toronto.
- 154. The Plaintiffs rely on the *Libel and Slander Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. L.12 and the *Courts of Justice Act*, R.S.O. 1990, c. C.43, s. 101.
- 155. This pleading may be served outside of Ontario without a court order pursuant to Rules 17.02(g), (i) and (p) of the *Rules of Civil Procedure* because this proceeding relates to a claim or claims in respect of one or more torts committed in Ontario, seeks an injunction ordering a party to do or refrain from doing anything in Ontario, and is against one or more persons ordinarily resident or carrying on business in Ontario.

December 17, 2020

Amended on November 22, 2021

Davies Ward Phillips & Vineberg LLP 155 Wellington Street West Toronto, ON M5V 3J7

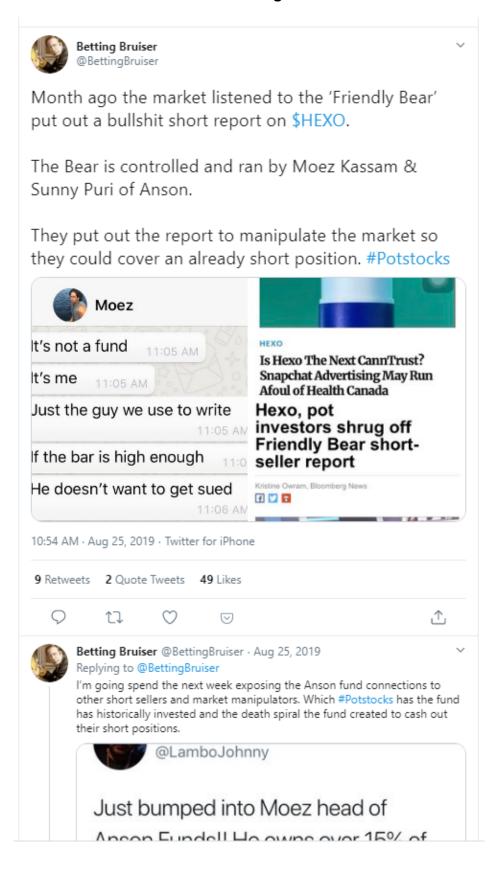
Matthew Milne-Smith Tel: 416.863.5595 mmilne-smith@dwpv.com

Andrew Carlson Tel: 416.367.7437 acarlson@dwpv.com

Maura O'Sullivan Tel: 416.367.7481 mosullivan@dwpv.com

Lawyers for the Plaintiffs

APPENDIX "A" - "Betting Bruiser" Tweets



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Betting Bruiser @BettingBruiser · Aug 25, 2019

They recorded conversations without \$HEXO executives knowledge in hopes of using it for their own financial gain - under guise they would provide Private Placement funding for #Potstocks companies in "need"... vulture type tactics.

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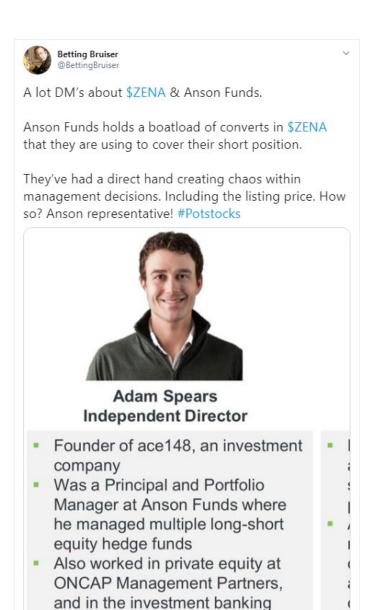
Replying to @LamboJohnny and @LaurenceJeuness

Right about what? That's Anson doesn't appear on Sedi as insider. No they don't and that's part of the problem. In cases were they have former managers as "independent" directors how are they not insiders?

4:52 PM · Aug 25, 2019 · Twitter for iPhone







group of Citigroup Global Markets

9:09 AM · Aug 26, 2019 · Twitter for iPhone						
4 Retweets 4 Quote Tweets 35 Likes						
Q	17	\bigcirc	igorplus			$\hat{\bot}$
	Betting Bruiser @BettingBruiser · Aug 26, 2019 Replying to @BettingBruiser The entire problems relating to the former CEO leaving, taking the \$TLRY deal and now death spiral financing. Was in relation to \$ZENA attempting to limit Anson's ability to cover and manipulate the share price down further. The current \$ZENA CEO is out of league. #Potstocks					
		1 1	♡ 15	igorplus	$\hat{\bot}$	
	Betting Bruiser @BettingBruiser ⋅ Aug 26, 2019 \$TLRY themselves wanted to offer a helping hand. As that company is the only successful #Potstocks to date to squeeze Anson Funds for a loss to my knowledge. Despite Anson Funds getting @CitronResearch to pump out as many \$TLRY short pieces it possibly could. #Potstocks					
	Q 2	17 2	♡ 20	igorplus	\hat{T}	
	Betting Bruiser @BettingBruiser · Aug 26, 2019 I'd love to talk to the @CEO_Zenabis to try to help but it may be a case of to little to late CEO wants to convert all debts to a bank loan that's a start but expect Anson Funds to fight tooth and nail against that. Their independent director acts for Anson. #Potstocks					
	Q 3	1 1	♡ 18	igorplus	_	
	As in the conversat	case with \$1 ions of \$ZE ing or using	HEXO I wou NA managem	ent and exec	9 hat Adam is recording utives in hopes of An t of the company. Ada	son
	\Diamond	t]	♡ 14	\odot	$\hat{\bot}$	
	Chris Rutherford @RutherfordCG · Aug 26, 2019 Replying to @BettingBruiser How is it legal for Adam to be on the board and do what this guy is doing? It's not in the best interests of @Zenabis obviously. @CEO_Zenabis					
	Q 1	tī	\bigcirc	igorplus	$\hat{\bot}$	
	No it's no		F Anson will a	Aug 26, 201 argue that the	9 ey acting in best inter	v est of



Journalist Virtue Signalling about #PotStocks while journalist are the worse Bay Street litter bugs... all they do is put trash on the street they receive directly from Anson, MMCap, K2 & Scamaccord.



All dried up: How Bay Street cashed in on the cannabis frenzy before the carnage The smart money got out before the cannabis bubble burst. Now, retail investors are suffering and pot companies face a financing drought ⊗ theglobeandmail.com

11:35 AM · Nov 2, 2019 · Twitter for iPhone



Replying to @WolfOfWeedST @ChrisParry and @issatraprunhide

Before Chris' article ... before your tweet ... at a cannabis conference when the \$MMEN executives revealed their evaluation I called it "the most overvalued cannabis stock to come to market to date"... they were being advised by Anson Funds long ago ...

2:59 PM · Nov 28, 2019 · Twitter for iPhone



Betting Bruiser @BettingBruiser · Dec 19, 2019

Replying to @BCobblaw

30%+ seems like they got that position from shorting it down & not from buying it ... rather not have Anson as shareholder? ... we all know Moez was renting Andy's house over the summer months ... they are besties!















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The biggest chicken hawk that I've ever met in my life. Every time I see him we have words.

Sunny Puri from Anson Funds.

If you've ever crossed paths with him then your stock is likely -95% from its high and he holds your faint in his hands via convertible debt. #PotStocks



11:11 AM · Mar 11, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone

4 Retweets 39 Likes



Watch "Moez Kassam" from Anson Funds on #Vimeo give short sellers a bad name. Cringe worthy. I think that's filmed at @DeFrancesco_A house in the Muskoka? vimeo.com/140274640 #PotStocks



Moez Kassam

This is "Moez Kassam" by Charles Chan on Vimeo, the home for high quality videos and the people who love them.

Solvimeo.com

1:54 PM · Jul 2, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone



Replying to @BettingBruiser

Director: Rick Brar former CEO & Co-Founder of @Zenabis \$ZENA

Secretly gave Anson Funds a share loan agreemnt so they could short \$ZENA to the dismay of retail investors. Upon finalizing that he aggressively dumped all his shares. \$ZENA -98%. \$2.25 to \$0.08 #PotStocks 2/9

9:50 AM · Jul 6, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone



Replying to @BettingBruiser

Director, President and Co-Chief Executive Officer, Chief Financial Officer: Eli Dusenbury

A rent a CFO whoms main gig was a CFO of #PotStocks Company \$ISOL @isodiol. Ankther company directly involving Anson Funds. Another company which has seen a 98% fall in share price. 8/9

9:50 AM · Jul 6, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone



I have been a early voice of concern re: Moez Kassam, Sunni Puri & Anson Funds. Their tactics are simply sleight of hand with the gift of gab. I know their strategies very well this article shed some light on them. #PotStocks



9:43 AM · Sep 29, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone

8 Retweets 2 Quote Tweets 63 Likes

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Something that was wrong about the Anson and Moez article circulating was the allegation that Moez/Anson compensates people to write reports. They just use people and don't pay anyone but themselves. \$ZENA \$APHA #PotStocks

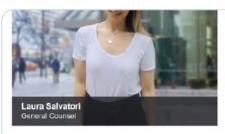
11:08 AM · Sep 30, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone

2 Retweets 28 Likes



One thing that was left out of the \$ZENA and Anson Funds report was fact that Anson's funds legal counsel (Laura Salvatori) husband (Muneeb Yusuf) via Brownstone Advisors facilitated the toxic financing deal between \$ZENA & \$TLRY ... conflict of interest much? #Potstocks

BROWNSTONE





ownstone Advisors Inc. ("Brownstone") acted strategic advisors to Zenabis in connection th the Supply Agreement. Zenabis will pay a ategic advisory fee to Brownstone, which fee II include (subject to receipt of all required gulatory approvals) 319,148 common shares of nabis.

Corporate Direct
Brownstone Capital
2018 - Present • 2 y
Toronto, Canada Area

1:50 PM · Oct 9, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone



Betting Bruiser @BettingBruiser · Oct 9

Replying to @BettingBruiser

Hi Laura 🦭 ... cause | know you follow every tweet | speak about Anson ... | thought |'d give you a shoutout! \$ZENA \$TLRY #PotStocks



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Betting Bruiser @BettingBruiser · Oct 9

If you r an Anson Fund investor ... be prepared to have your funds locked up b/c there is a lot information floating out there that paints a picture of scams to benefit none other then Moez Kassam. \$ZENA story is just one of hundreds were its alleged he broke the law. #PotStocks











Maybe I should speak to regulators about Anson Funds and collect the reward in 50 years

Or should I just leak snippets of recorded conversations with Moez Kassam?

Thoughts? #PotStocks



2:17 PM · Oct 9, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone

6 Retweets 1 Quote Tweet 83 Likes



3 Retweets 2 Quote Tweets 64 Likes

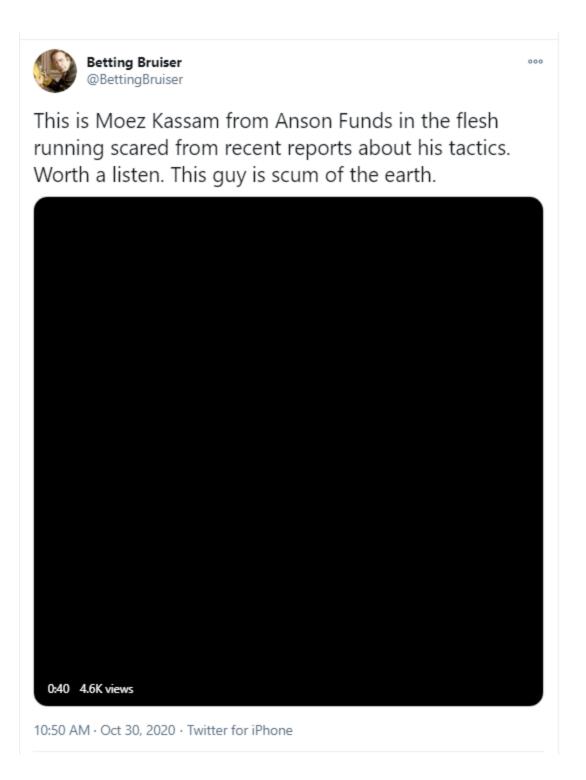
I think I'm going release some of the recordings about Moez Kassam ... just interested how much money Anson pays Ben Axler from @sprucepointcap ... you care to comment Ben?







8:33 AM · Oct 16, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone





espidosponitodp bioskod y

You are blocked from following @sprucepointcap and viewing @sprucepointcap's Tweets.

10:55 AM · Oct 30, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone



Happy Halloween to the #PotStocks community!

Trick or Treat:

Who is going to toilet paper Moez Kassams house tonight? \$ZENA executives should just throw stock as it's cheaper then toilet paper!



12:48 PM · Oct 31, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone

APPENDIX "B" - "John Murphy" Tweets







John Murphy @JohnMur67039142 - Jul 24

@MunchingMoez #ansonfunds, paid for the report as they were caught offside. rumours off 900k in the single digits. called in a favor and doubled down @HindenburgRes moez was telling ppl it was going to 6.00. even called prop desks wanting them to short

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it seems moez and sunny from @AnsonGroupFunds @MunchingMoez @HindenburgRes @globeandmail @davidmilstead quickly blocked me by suggesting they were short 1mm \$FD. i think much more will come out on this trade. @business @BNNBloomberg

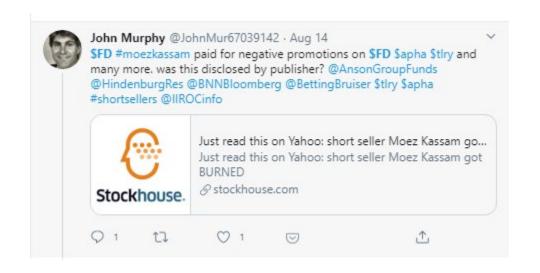


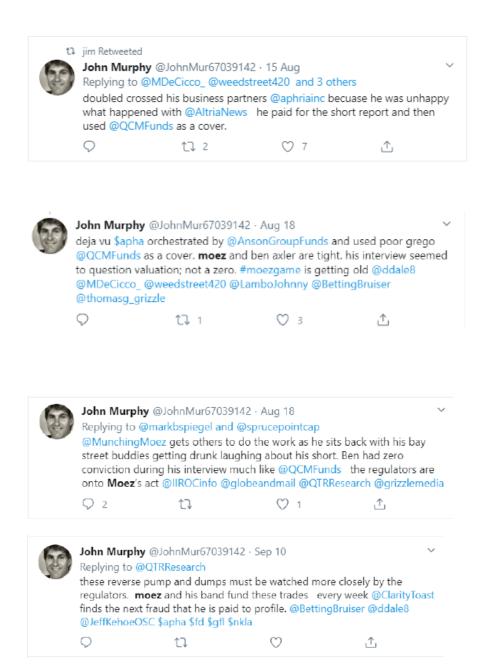
Marphy @JohnMur67039142 · Jul 28

Looks like @facedrivecanada \$FD is going higher @HindenburgRes @AnsonGroupFunds finance.yahoo.com/news/400-tesla...

7:41 PM · Jul 30, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone









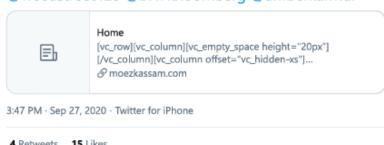






Capital Market Crimes – Moez Kassam and Anson Funds: A Tale of Corruption, Greed, and Failure.

@LamboJohnny @BettingBruiser @globeandmail @weedstreet420 @BNNBloomberg @amberkanwar













Home stockmanipulators.com. Cyber crimes added to the list of wrongdoings by @AnsonGroupFunds? who funded this defense? unit holders? @davidmilstead @globeandmail @thomasg_grizzle

7:52 AM · Sep 29, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone









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APPENDIX "C" - James Stafford

A. Stafford's Background

- 1. In his capacity as a stock promoter, Stafford has been involved in numerous pump and dump securities schemes, including several of the companies mentioned in the Unlawful Statements. Stafford's role in such schemes is to disseminate via the Internet sensationalist and misleading information regarding his clients (usually publicly traded issuers) with the intention of increasing artificially and often temporarily the trading volume and price of securities of the company. Those who sell shares in the company while the stock price is inflated including proponents of the pump and dump scheme enjoy significant profits, whereas unsophisticated investors (often retail investors) are habitually faced with significant losses when the share price declines back to its intrinsic value. This is also known as the "pump and dump".
- 2. While Stafford's articles on www.OilPrice.com purport to be and are intentionally designed to appear as objective news reports, they are promotional materials. Stafford is often directly paid for his articles on www.OilPrice.com in cash or shares by the companies whose securities he is promoting. As such, he often owns securities in the company at issue and is incentivized to increase both their trading price and volume. The disclaimers attached to the bottom of Stafford's articles on www.OilPrice.com acknowledge this and specifically acknowledge the temporary effects of his pump and dump scheme.
- 3. The following is a typical example of the disclaimers attached to Stafford's articles. It appeared at the bottom of an article titled "Is This The Hottest Oil Play Of The Year",

published January 14, 2021 regarding RECO. It acknowledges that Stafford and/or his companies were paid \$70,000 to write a single article, and that they own shares in RECO:

ADVERTISEMENT: This communication is not a recommendation to buy or sell securities. OilPrice.com, Advanced Media Solutions Ltd., and their owners, managers, employees, and assigns (collectively the "Company") have been paid by [RECO] seventy thousand U.S. dollars to write and disseminate this article. As the Company has been paid for this article, there is a major conflict with our ability to be unbiased, more specifically:

This communication is for entertainment purposes only. Never invest purely based on our communication. We have not been compensated but may in the future be compensated to conduct investor awareness advertising and marketing for [RECO]. Therefore, this communication should be viewed as a commercial advertisement only. We have not investigated the background of the company. Frequently companies profiled in our alerts experience a large increase in volume and share price during the course of investor awareness marketing, which often end as soon as the investor awareness marketing ceases. The information in our communications and on our website has not been independently verified and is not guaranteed to be correct.

SHARE OWNERSHIP: The owner of Oilprice.com owns shares of this featured company and therefore has an additional incentive to see the featured company's stock perform well. The owner of Oilprice.com will not notify the market when it decides to buy more or sell shares of the issuer in the market. The owner of Oilprice.com will be buying and selling shares of the issuer for its own profit. This is why we stress that you conduct extensive due diligence as well as seek the advice of your financial advisor or a registered broker-dealer before investing in any securities. [Bolded emphasis added.]

B. Stafford's Animus Towards the Plaintiffs

4. Stafford was hired, directly and/or indirectly, to promote, and artificially inflate the volume and/or price of, Facedrive shares using his website, www.OilPrice.com. Since March 2020, Stafford and/or his companies have published over seventy sensationalist posts about Facedrive (a full list is set out in Section D of this Appendix), with titles including "Could This Be One Of The Best Ways To Play The EV Boom This Summer?"

and "The \$110 Trillion Trend That Bezos, Buffett And Musk Are Betting On". The public disclosure on www.OilPrice.com stated that:

- (a) Stafford and/or his companies "signed an agreement [with Facedrive] to be paid in shares to provide services to expand ridership and attract drivers in certain jurisdictions outside Canada and the United States" although, in fact, Stafford and/or his companies was hired for stock promotion purposes;
- (b) Stafford "has acquired additional shares of FaceDrive...for personal investment" and that, as a result, Stafford and/or his companies have "a substantial incentive to see the featured company's stock perform well"; and
- (c) www.OilPrice.com's purported articles about Facedrive "should be viewed as a commercial advertisement only. We have not investigated the background of the featured company. Frequently companies profiled in our alerts experience a large increase in volume and share price during the course of investor awareness marketing, which often end as soon as the investor awareness marketing ceases" (emphasis added).
- 5. The www.OilPrice.com disclosure does not, on its own, identify how much Stafford was paid. Many readers of www.OilPrice.com, particularly unsophisticated ones, would not have realized that the website was hired to promote Facedrive stock, and was not providing objective news and analysis about the company.

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- 6. In total, Stafford directly and indirectly, at one point in time, owned up to approximately 1.5 million shares in Facedrive, some of which he received as compensation for stock promotion, and some of which he purchased on the open market. As a result, Stafford had a significant incentive to ensure that Facedrive's share price appreciated and remained artificially inflated. One and a half million shares of Facedrive would have been worth approximately \$90 million at Facedrive's all-time high share price of \$60 and are worth approximately \$3 million at the current share price of approximately \$2 (assuming Stafford held his shares).
- 7. These incentives gave Stafford the impetus to engage in the Conspiracy and spread Unlawful Statements about the Plaintiffs. Given Stafford's financial interest in Facedrive, he has an incentive to diminish and disparage critical commentary about Facedrive, published by market participants or other observers, which questions the intrinsic value of the company. On July 23, 2020, Hindenburg Research published critical research findings about Facedrive. Later that evening, the first Unlawful Statements about the Plaintiffs were published on Stockhouse.
- 8. Part of Hindenburg Research's critical findings about Facedrive related to a firm named Medtronics Online Solutions Ltd. ("Medtronics"). Facedrive, a ride-share start-up, publicly claimed that it had hired Medtronics for the purpose of broadening its ridership. Hindenburg Research's critical findings included that Medtronics was controlled by Stafford; that Medtronics was in fact a shell company that obfuscated its true purpose; and that Stafford, via Medtronics, had actually been hired to promote Facedrive's stock, not broaden ridership. Pursuant to a consulting services agreement, Facedrive was to pay Medtronics 800,000 in shares for the alleged services through a monthly fee (worth

Appendix "E", paragraph 45 below, where Robert indicated that Stafford was paid \$8 million to promote Facedrive). On September 9, 2020, Facedrive terminated the consulting services agreement and was of the opinion that the obligations under the agreement had been fulfilled. On November 27, 2020, the company disclosed a signed settlement agreement deeming its obligations fulfilled as of October 19, 2020. This all occurred a few months after the release of Hindenburg Research's report regarding Facedrive, when a disagreement ended the relationship between Facedrive and Medtronics, although Medtronics still received all of its shares under the agreement. Had the consulting engagement continued, Stafford may have stood to receive more shares in Facedrive, increasing his compensation.

- 9. Stafford was also hired to promote, and artificially inflate the volume and/or price of, RECO's shares. Since January 2020, Stafford and/or his companies have published over twenty sensationalist articles promoting RECO on www.OilPrice.com (a full list is set out in Section E of this Appendix), with titles including "Is This The Most Exciting Oil Stock For 2021?" and "Recon Africa: The Truth About The World's Most Exciting Oil Play". The disclosure on these articles indicates that Stafford was paid US\$280,000 for a series of four articles in January 2021. All of the articles consistently disclosed that Stafford and/or his companies own shares in RECO and accordingly have a substantial incentive to see the share price perform well.
- 10. Stafford's financial interest in RECO once again motivated him to spread Unlawful Statements about the Plaintiffs through the Conspiracy. On June 20, 2021, The Globe and Mail published a critical article about RECO. On June 24, 2021, Viceroy Research.

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another forensic research firm, expanded on The Globe and Mail's reporting and posted further critical findings about RECO. The critical findings included allegations that RECO had engaged in stock promotion and had other fundamental issues. The Second Defamatory Manifesto was published on June 28, 2021, a few days after Viceroy Research released its first report regarding RECO.

11. Given Stafford's significant financial interest and exposure to Facedrive and RECO, he publicly wrongfully used the Plaintiffs as scapegoats for their share prices declining, and in particular he blamed the Plaintiffs for the critical research findings about Facedrive and RECO. In fact, the share prices of overvalued companies decline not because of the Plaintiffs' influence, but rather because of market fundamentals, including poor performance, failures to meet the business plan, shareholder infighting, and/or corporate governance issues. Consistent with Stafford's incentives, the Unlawful Statements allege, among other things, that the Plaintiffs commissioned and paid for critical analyst and/or news reports about Facedrive and RECO based on fabricated information – both stocks that Stafford has a significant interest in inflating the value of and/or was hired to promote.

C. Stafford's Possible Location

12. Stafford's company, A Media Solutions Limited is connected with the address 4TA Priv Piedra Del Comal 21, Casa 2 col. Valle De Tepepan Tlalpan Distrito Federal Mexico, 14 646, which is near Mexico City. Stafford appears to have connections to numerous jurisdictions and it is unknown to the Plaintiffs whether Stafford's residential address is in Mexico, England, the Bahamas, or elsewhere. Some of the Unlawful Statements described in the statement of claim were published from the area surrounding Mexico City

(many from the city of Toluca) and multiple employees of www.OilPrice.com appear to be based in Mexico City or the surrounding areas.

D. List of www.OilPrice.com articles regarding Facedrive

- 1- Mar 19, 2020- The Most Exciting Green Startups To Watch In 2020
- 2- April 14, 2020- Coronavirus And The Coming Financial Revolution
- 3- May 5, 2020- The \$30 Trillion Trend That's Bigger Than The Entire U.S. Stock Market
- 4- May 28, 2020- Buffett, Bezos And Blackrock Are Betting Big On This \$30 Trillion Mega-Trend
- 5- June 8, 2020- Tech Giants Battle It Out In Billion Dollar Food Delivery War
- 6- June 15, 2020- World's Largest Hedge Fund Goes All In On This \$30 Trillion Mega-Trend
- 7- July 22, 2020- How COVID Transformed The \$70 Trillion Stock Market
- 8- July 23, 2020- Google, Apple And Amazon Are Leading A \$30 Trillion Assault On Wall Street
- 9- August 5, 2020- 1 Million Downloads In 5 Weeks The Tech Company Fighting COVID In Canada
- 10- August 17, 2020- Bezos And Blackrock Are Pouring Billions Into This \$30.7 Trillion Trend
- 11- October 28, 2020- Blackrock, Bezos And Musk Charging Ahead in this \$30 Trillion Mega-Trend
- 12- November 4, 2020- The \$110 Trillion Trend That Bezos, Buffet And Musk Are Betting On
- 13- November 4, 2020- The Biggest Ever Transfer Of Wealth Is Happening Right Now
- 14- November 9, 2020- The Death Of Car Ownership: How Tech Is Killing The \$3 Trillion Auto Industry
- 15- November 11, 2020- The 6 Hottest Energy Tech Stocks For 2021
- 16- November 17, 2020- Blackrock and Fidelity Are Betting Big On This \$130 Trillion Mega-Trendy
- 17- November 20, 2020- The 3 Hottest Electric Vehicle Stocks Of The Year
- 18- November 24, 2020- The Investment Trend That Could Send Tesla To \$2 Trillion
- 19- November 26, 2020- Here's Why Electric Vehicle Stocks Have Exploded This Year

- 20- December 3, 2020- The Real Reason Why Tesla Is Heading Towards A Trillion-Dollar Valuation
- 21- December 6, 2020- The 3 Hottest Electric Car Stocks For 2021
- 22- December 8, 2020- How To Profit From The Death Of Car Ownership
- 23- December 9, 2020- The Electric Car Boom Is About To Get Even Hotter
- 24- December 13, 2020- Do Not Buy An Electric Car For Christmas Until You Have Read This
- 25- December 15, 2020- How An Obscure 400 Year Old Law Sparked A \$5 Trillion Transportation Revolution
- 26- December 16, 2020- 2 Electric Car Stocks To Watch In 2021
- 27- December 17, 2020- Tesla's 1,000% Stock Price Explosion Isn't About Electric Cars
- 28- December 22, 2020- How Electric Vehicle Hype Created A Brand New Trillion Dollar Market
- 29- December 22, 2020- Why DoorDash Was The Hottest IPO Of The Year
- 30- December 28, 2020- 3 Ways to Play the \$30 Trillion ESG Boom in 2021
- 31- December 28, 2020- The Great Reset: BlackRock Is Fueling A \$120 Trillion Transformation On Wall St.
- 32- December 29, 2020- The Real Reason Big Tech Dominated The Market In 2020
- 33- January 4, 2021- How 400 Year Old Blood Taxis Created A \$5.7 Trillion Industry
- 34- January 12, 2021- BlackRock Is Leading A \$120 Trillion Investment Boom That Is Upending Wall St
- 35- 06 January 2021- BlackRock Is Leading A \$120 Trillion Investment Boom That Is Upending Wall St.
- 36- 08 January 2021-3 Electric Vehicle Stocks That Could Boom In 2021
- 37- 13 January 2021-Biden's Boom: The \$30 Trillion ESG Sector Is Set To Explode In 2021
- 38- 18 January 2021-Is This The Most Exciting ESG Play Of 2021?
- 39- 20 January 2021-The Biden Boom Is Coming And These Stocks Could Soar

- 40- 22 January 2021-Biden's Green Energy Boom Could Send These Electric Vehicle Stocks Soaring
- 41- 28 January 2021-The Real Reason Tesla's Stock Exploded In 2020
- 42- 29 January 2021-Biden's Green Energy Boom Could Send The Electric Car Sector Into Overdrive
- 43- 03 February 2021-These Stocks Could Soar As The U.S.-China Electric Vehicle War Heats Up
- 44- 05 February 2021-Green Tech Could Create The First Trillionaire
- 45- 09 February 2021-2 Under The Radar Electric Vehicle Stocks That Could Soar In 2021
- 46- 11 February 2021-Biden's Clean Energy Revolution Could Send These Stocks Soaring
- 47- 15 February 2021-The Single Biggest Threat To The Electric Vehicle Boom
- 48- 17 February 2021-Biden's \$2 Trillion Green Plan Could Send This Stock Soaring
- 49- 23 February 2021-Biden Is About To Send The Electric Vehicle Revolution Into Overdrive
- 50- 26 February 2021-The Real Reason Elon Musk Could Become The World's First Trillionaire
- 51- 03 March 2021-The \$1 Trillion Electric Vehicle Boom Is Just Getting Started
- 52- 05 March 2021-The Single Biggest Threat To The Electric Vehicle Revolution
- 53- 15 March 2021-Two Tech Stocks To Watch As Biden Pours Trillions Into The Green Economy
- 54- 04 April 2021-The Future is Electric: Why EV Stocks Could Continue To Soar In 2021
- 55- 14 April 2021-Could This Be One Of The Best Ways To Play The Electric Vehicle Boom?
- 56- 16 April 2021-How To Play The \$2.6 Trillion Clean Energy Investment Boom
- 57- 11 May 2021-3 Stocks That Could Win Big From Biden's \$2 Trillion Infrastructure Plan
- 58- 13 May 2021-Biden's \$2.5 Trillion Infrastructure Plan Could Send These EV Stocks Soaring

- 59- 14 May 2021-Is This One Of The Best Ways To Play The Electric Vehicle Boom?
- 60- 17 May 2021-2 Under The Radar EV Stocks Set To Explode This Summer
- 61- 19 May 2021-One Company To Watch As Electric Vehicle Stocks Get Ready To Fly This Summer
- 62- 24 May 2021-America's Gas Crisis Could Send These EV Stocks Even Higher
- 63- 27 May 2021-Could This Be The No.1 EV Stock Of 2021?
- 64- 01 June 2021-Why EV Stocks Are Poised To Explode This Summer
- 65- 09 June 2021-These EV Stocks Could Explode Higher This Summer
- 66- 11 June 2021-America's \$2 Trillion Infrastructure Boom Could Send ESG Stocks Soaring
- 67- 20 June 2021-The Death Of Car Ownership: This \$30 Trillion Trend Could Kill The Auto Industry
- 68- 24 June 2021-The 3 Hottest Electric Vehicle Stocks For 2021
- 69- 28 June 2021-Could This Be One Of The Best Ways To Play The EV Boom This Summer?
- 70- 06 July 2021-Is This The Hottest ESG Stock Of 2021?
- 71- 09 July 2021-Biden's \$2.5 Trillion Plan Could Send These 3 EV Stocks Soaring
- 72- 14 July 2021-The Future Of Transportation: EV Stocks Could Fly This Summer
- 73- 16 July 2021-One Man Just Sent The \$30 Trillion ESG Revolution Into Overdrive

E. List of www.OilPrice.com articles regarding RECO

- 1. 5 Things You Need To Know About The World's Hottest Oil Play 16 August, 2021
- 2. Update On The World's Most Exciting Oil Play: Interview With Scot Evans 09 August 2021
- Recon Africa De-Risks The World's Most Exciting Oil Find-05 August 2021
- 4. Is The World's Hottest Oil Play About To Surprise Markets Again?-02 August 2021
- 5. Why Short Sellers Are Desperately Trying (And Failing) To Sink Recon Africa-25 July 2021
- 6. Could This Be The Most Promising Oil Play Of The Decade?-20 July 2021
- 7. The Best 2 Stocks To Hold As Oil Prices Explode-15 July 2021
- 8. The Small Exploration Company That Shocked The Oil Industry-08 July 2021
- 9. Recon Africa: The Truth About The World's Most Exciting Oil Play-29 June 2021
- 10. Why Namibia Could Become The Biggest Oil Story of the Decade-25 June 2021
- 11. Is This The Most Exciting Oil Play Of The Last 20 Years?-10 June 2021
- 12. Is There A Huge Undisclosed Short In Oil Explorer Reconnaissance Energy Africa?-27 May 2021
- 13. The Best Is Yet To Come For The World's Hottest Oil Play-19 April 2021
- 14. Two Oil Stocks To Watch In 2021-29 January 2021
- 15. Could This Be The Best Way To Play The Oil Rebound?-21 January 2021
- 16. Is This The Hottest Oil Play Of The Year?-14 January 2021
- 17. The Most Important Oil Find Of The Next Decade Could Be Here-13 January 2021
- 18. Is This The Most Exciting Oil Play Of The Decade?-08 January 2021
- 19. How To Play The Oil Price Rebound In 2021-05 January 2021
- 20. Could This Be The Top Oil Play For 2021?-21 December 2020
- 21. 2 Ways To Win Big On The Oil Price Rebound-16 December 2020
- 22. Is This The Most Exciting Oil Stock For 2021?-18 November 2020

- 23. The World's Last Major Onshore Oil Play?-06 October 2020
- 24. Two Ways To Win Big On The Oil Price Rebound-23 September 2020
- 25. The Biggest Oil Discovery Of The Year Could Happen Here-24 August 2020
- 26. 3 Ways To Play The Coming Oil Boom-18 August 2020
- 27. Supermajors Are Flocking To This Booming Oil Frontier-30 June 2020

APPENDIX "D" - Unlawful Stockhouse Statements

- A. The July 23, 2020 Stockhouse Post
- 13. On July 23, 2020, Hindenburg Research published a critical report about Facedrive, a company whose stock Stafford was hired to promote.
- 14. Later that evening, Stafford and the other Defendants conspired to anonymously publish a post titled "The Real Story on Moez Kassam and Anson Funds Part 1" on Stockhouse on July 23, 2020, under the pseudonym "JusinTime":



The Real Story on Moez Kassam and Anson Funds - Part 1

- 15. The July 23 Stockhouse Post called Kassam a "criminal" and included statements accusing him of engaging in illegal, unethical, and "corrupt" business practices as well as egregious personal attacks, which were intended to damage his reputation and turn investors away from him. The accusations are false and defamatory.
- 16. The July 23 Stockhouse Post accused Kassam of being "corrupt and criminal" and asserted that his practices included "treading on people, lying and using every trick in the book to bring companies down that he bet against" (emphasis added below):

So here is the beginning part of the tale about the corrupt and criminal CIO at Anson funds?

A few short years ago Moez Kassam was a high flying star in the hedge fund space. He had \$1 billion under management (now down to \$250 million and falling) and was the praise of the financial community. But what people don't know is that his media praise was paid for (like when Toronto Life covered his wedding – paid for and made to look like an editorial - shame), But even worse he made his money the dirty way, treading on people, lying and using every trick in the book to bring companies down that he bet against. Whatever it took, whoever he ruined financially or reputation wise he would do it to turn a profit.

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- 17. In particular, the July 23 Stockhouse Post discussed Anson's investment in the
- cannabis company Tilray Inc. ("Tilray"). The post falsely asserted that, during this period,

Anson had "a large naked short position" which posed a "significant credit risk" to its

creditors, and that Anson committed "numerous securit[ies] violations [in] ever f[l]avour

imaginable" in order to protect its solvency.

- 18. The July 23 Stockhouse Post also falsely stated that Anson was "again caught
- naked" in relation to Facedrive, falsely implying that Anson's conduct was abusive or

illegal and asking IIROC if it would be investigating "how Moez creates paper". Anson

does not engage in naked short selling.

- 19. The July 23 Stockhouse Post stated that the Plaintiffs were "bad actors" who are
- "getting away with" "huge regulatory infringements", and that there were "zero

repercussions for their illegal behaviour."

20. The July 23 Stockhouse Post claimed that further allegations of "corruption, lies

and foul play" against the Plaintiffs were forthcoming, and concluded with, "Stay tuned

especially IIROC, juicy bits coming for you folks."

21. Jacob, who maintains a Twitter account through an alter-ego named "John

Murphy" with the username @JohnMur67039142, tweeted a link to the Stockhouse July

Post on the day it was published:



The timing demonstrates insider knowledge that the July 23 Stockhouse Post was being published.

22. Shortly after the publication of the July 23 Stockhouse Post, "John Murphy" issued tweets alleging that the Plaintiffs had a short position in Facedrive and predicting that "much more will come out on this trade". For example:



23. "John Murphy" included the Twitter accounts of The Globe and Mail and its reporter David Milstead, as well as BNN Bloomberg, in this tweet in order to draw these allegations to the media's attention.

B. The August 14, 2020 Stockhouse Post

24. The Defendants conspired to publish a further defamatory and anonymous post on Stockhouse on August 14, 2020 titled "Moez Kassam and Anson Funds – Short \$500 M and Lose It All" under the pseudonym "evtrader":



August 14, 2020 - 01:55 PM 201 Reads Post# 31409659

Moez Kassam and Anson Funds - Short \$500 M And Lose It All

- 25. This post was published using an IP address originating in Mexico City, where multiple www.OilPrice.com employees are located. It made similar allegations to the July 23 Stockhouse Post.
- 26. The August 14 Stockhouse Post continued the egregious and baseless personal attacks against Kassam, referring to him disparagingly as an "awful little grot" and falsely stating that the Plaintiffs "lost \$500 million on a Tilray short".
- 27. The August 14 Stockhouse Post also stated that "regulatory fire...will be coming [Kassam's] way soon." This was one of several attempts to draw regulatory attention to Anson, and falsely imply that the Plaintiffs were engaged in behavior that violated securities regulations.
- 28. Also on August 14, 2020, "John Murphy" retweeted the false claim that Anson was behind the report produced by Hindenburg Research ("Aphria Hindenburg Report") regarding Aphria, a cannabis company, and predicted that the "story will be all over the streets within months". This tweet included a photo of Kassam that later appeared in the

Defamatory Manifesto, and also included the Twitter account of BNN Bloomberg to draw the allegations to its attention. The tweet read as follows:



29. The same day, "John Murphy" tweeted additional allegations that Kassam paid for critical reports regarding Facedrive, Aphria, Tilray and other stocks:

\$FD #moezkassam paid for negative promotions on \$FD [Facedrive Inc.] \$apha [Aphria] \$tlry [Tilray] and many more. Was this disclosed by publisher? @AnsonGroupFunds @HindenburgRes @BNN Bloomberg @BettingBruiser \$tlry \$apha \$shortsellers @IIROCinfo

C. The August 17, 2020 Stockhouse Post

30. The Defendants conspired to continue their scheme to harm the Plaintiffs by anonymously publishing a post on Stockhouse on August 17, 2020 titled "The Real Story on what happened with Moez Kassam and Aphria", under the pseudonym "Bundyj". This

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post was published using an IP address originating in Toluca, a suburb of Mexico City, where www.OilPrice.com has multiple employees:

Bundyj (/members/bundyj) (13)

User Actions

August 17, 2020 - 04:19 PM
1509 Reads
Post# 31419651

The Real story on what happened with Moez Kassam and Aphria

- 31. The August 17 Stockhouse Post alleged that Kassam is "a *corporate sociopath* of the worst kind...He talks the talk and *worms his way into friendships that he fully plans to betray* for a dollar at the first opportunity."
- 32. The August 17 Stockhouse Post alleged that Anson had invested in Aphria, but that following Anson's "failed short campaign against Tilray", the Plaintiffs "became desperate" and "decided to betray [Kassam's] friends and colleagues at Aphria."
- 33. The August 17 Stockhouse Post falsely stated that the Plaintiffs commissioned the <u>Aphria</u> Hindenburg Report to publish negative material regarding Aphria, and that the Plaintiffs provided Anderson with "sensitive, insider information that [Kassam] obtained from his friendships with Aphria management and founders".
- 34. The August 17 Stockhouse Post also falsely claimed that, shortly before the <u>Aphria</u> Hindenburg Report was released, the Plaintiffs took a short position in Aphria so that they could profit from the diminution of its stock price. Aphria's stock fell following the release of the report, and the post claimed that, "to the outside world Kassam feigned shock...to avoid suspicion even though he had orchestrated the entire scheme and illegally fed Nate insider information."

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35. The August 17 Stockhouse Post implied Anson's conduct violated securities

regulations by encouraging regulators to investigate the allegations it contained. It

concluded by encouraging readers to "[c]opy and share as I'm sure Moez will try to have

this post removed."

36. Shortly after the August 17 Stockhouse Post was published, Anson received an

anonymous telephone call at its offices threatening harm to Anson and Kassam.

37. On August 21, 2020, Robert texted Spektor about Puri, commenting: "When I see

Sunny...I'm punching his ticket...I've chased sunny now twice now...Ran like a bitch". In

the same conversation, he implied that he could have physical harm done to Kassam:

"I'm well connected also ... if I wanted someone to visit Moez I could [have] had it

done already but just moved past it and it's his loss now".

D. The August 28, 2020 Stockhouse Post

38. The Defendants conspired to anonymously publish a post on Stockhouse on

August 28, 2020 titled "Moez Kassam and Anson at it again – you guys got off lightly",

under the pseudonym "stocknsyrup". This post was published using an IP address

originating in Mexico City, where www.OilPrice.com has multiple employees (and in fact,

the IP address that published this post is the same as the one that published the August

14 Stockhouse Post):

Moez Kassam and Anson at it again – you guys got off lightly (/companies/bullboard/v.fd/facedrive-inc?postid=31470222)



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- 39. The August 28 Stockhouse Post alleged that Anson invested in Zenabis and appointed a "**stooge**", Adam Spears, to Zenabis' board. Among other things, it falsely and maliciously asserted that Anson used Spears to "convince...Zenabis to do all sorts of things that were hugely detrimental to the company and geared towards its destruction".
- 40. The August 28 Stockhouse Post falsely stated that Spears was "feeding Kassam insider information so Kassam could better time the short sells and make even more money. YES, THIS IS ILLEGAL!".
- 41. The August 28 Stockhouse Post asserted that the "coup de grace" for Zenabis was Kassam and Spears convincing it to pursue an initial public offering at an overvalued valuation so that, due to Anson's short position, Kassam would have "a massive win" when Zenabis' share price fell. It claimed that the Plaintiffs "made a fortune on this" scheme. The post falsely asserted that the Plaintiffs' conduct "completely destroyed Zenabis and its shareholders, and it was illegal every step of the way", and encouraged regulators to investigate.

APPENDIX "E" - The Defamatory Manifesto

A. Planning the Defamatory Manifesto

- 42. During meetings and/or conversations to plan the Defamatory Manifesto, Rudensky told Stafford and Robert the following, among other things, establishing that he was involved with the Defamatory Manifesto:
 - [Rudensky, Transcript #3]: ...But I've been on the street for 15 years and Moez seems like a guy who would have dinner with you and shake your hand and then screw you over and I don't get how he survives...

[...]

[Rudensky, Transcript #3]: ...I was a broker and G&P [i.e. Richardson GMP] for over 10 years [Rudensky worked at Richardson GMP from November 2009 until September 2015 when he left, as described in the statement of claim at paragraphs 17-18]...

[...]

[Rudensky, Transcript #3]: ...In 2018? I left in 2015 and he [Adam Spears] had come in and said his goodbyes a year earlier [Rudensky left Richardson GMP in 2015] ...

[...]

- [Rudensky, Transcript #3]: ...Nothing else from me right now. I think we are on the same page, this is reinforcing some of the stuff I've heard.
- 43. During other meetings and/or conversations to plan the Defamatory Manifesto, Robert and Stafford had, among other things, the following discussions as Stafford asked Robert to draft false and defamatory allegations against the Plaintiffs:
 - [Stafford, Transcript #4]: OK so do you have any paper or anything? Everything you've given me is great for a story but it won't take [Kassam] down. So I need something...

[...]

[Stafford, Transcript #4]: ...Interesting, I like that, it's interesting. You know this better than me? Can you write out that whole process start to finish?

[Robert replies, Transcript #4]: Sure – I'll do that example. I can do it on Sunday but that is just one case in the US. ...

[...]

[Stafford, Transcript #4]: ...Ok – can you write something out....

44. During other meetings and/or conversations to plan the Defamatory Manifesto, including several of the meetings described herein, Stafford, Rudensky and/or Robert made, among others, the following statements as they sought to conspire against the Plaintiffs:

[Robert, Transcript #1]: ... The regulators are on to [Kassam] and I know the dirt but you'd have to offer something substantial for me to start digging into Moez. I hate the guy, but I'd have to go out of my way....

[...]

[Robert, Transcript #1]: ...We can hurt him [Kassam] with the regulators and definitely find more info on his funds and who he works with? I ran into Sunny Puri twice and nearly punched him out...

[...]

[Robert, Transcript #2]: ...I'll go through all of this with your investigator...

[...]

[Stafford, Transcript #3]:What if we were to put pressure on the banks and brokerages? Credit compliance etc. Then they would take a closer look at their [Anson's] operations...

[Stafford, Transcript #3]: ...If you were to do surveillance on him [Kassam], where would you look?...

[...]

[Stafford, Transcript #3]: ...We need to make him [Kassam] toxic to force the regulators...

[...]

[Rudensky, Transcript #3]: ...What we need to do is up the pressure on the brokers...

[...]

- [Robert, Transcript #3: ...I'm going to keep talking, but with COVID it's hard to bump into people. But the way we hurt this guy [Kassam] is by doing a report and getting the regulators to look at it...
- 45. During other meetings and/or conversations to plan the Defamatory Manifesto, including several of the meetings described herein, Robert implied that Stafford was paid by Facedrive and that Stafford had an animus against the Plaintiffs:
 - [Robert, Transcript #1]: ...So Moez was panicking and bringing up your name [Stafford] and oilprice and the fact you got \$8 million to promote [Facedrive]. Which is a number I heard a long time ago...

[...]

[Robert, Transcript #2]: ...You're [Stafford] not the first person he's [Moez] pissed off...

[...]

[Robert, Transcript #3]: ...You have that with Facedrive, it hit 500 million and [Kassam] shorted it and you guys [Stafford and www.OilPrice.com] ran it to 1-2 billion...

46. During other meetings and/or conversations to plan the Defamatory Manifesto, including several of the meetings described herein, Robert and Stafford made, among other things, the following statements about Rudensky's employer Andy Defrancesco:

[Stafford, Transcript #2]: ...Has [Kassam] screwed other people over apart from Andy?...

[...]

[Stafford, Transcript #3]: ...Is there anything we can do to help Andy or is he just screwed?...

[...]

[Robert, Transcript #3]: ...Everybody got mad and nobody wanted to touch Andy and it was all Moez...

47. During other meetings and/or conversations to plan the Defamatory Manifesto, including several of the meetings described herein, Robert claimed to have involvement behind critical research findings that were published about publicly traded companies:

[Robert, Transcript #1]: So here's my conundrum here. I do hate Moez but I am friends with Nate [Hindenburg Research] and I gave feedback on his [Facedrive] report and helped with it. I didn't know you at this time or who was on the other side of this trade...And I've helped Nate [Nathan Anderson of Hindenburg Research] on these reports before. So Andy called me last night and I couldn't say much because I didn't want to burn my relationship with Nate either...

[...]

[Robert, Transcript #1]: ...We [referring to Robert and Nathan Anderson of Hindenburg Research] did a short called Aphria with Andy...

B. Summary of the Defamatory Manifesto

48. From its first paragraph, the Defamatory Manifesto accuses the Plaintiffs of engaging in criminal and unethical conduct (emphasis added):

Never has there been a bigger scourge of the Canadian capital markets. Moez Kassam and his Anson Funds have systematically engaged in capital market crimes, including insider trading and fraud, to rob North American shareholders of countless millions. In his attempt to destroy small-cap Canadian companies through nefarious means, a string of feeder funds and untraceable payments to elude regulators, Moez Kassam has betrayed even his closest friends. Now, the other shoe is about to drop as Kassam's funds run out and a string of failed attempts at illegal destruction leave this naked short seller truly naked.

- 49. The Defamatory Manifesto labels Kassam the "Toad of Bay Street", with a large photograph of a toad, and advises readers to "steer clear" from Kassam's "*illegal activities*."
- 50. The Defamatory Manifesto makes clear that its purpose is to paint Kassam as "the symbol of everything that is wrong with capital markets" and that with the "help" of "Kassam's acquaintances [who] have flipped amid all the betrayal," a "team of investigators is following all the threads of the questionable and illegal activities Kassam has pursued in an attempt to make money by destroying small companies and the lives of anyone who happened to get in his way: even those who helped him and ended up being disposable."
- 51. The Defamatory Manifesto falsely implies that the Plaintiffs have violated securities regulations. It improperly and maliciously encourages regulators, such as the OSC, SEC and IIROC, to investigate the Plaintiffs and implores them to "Pay Close Attention" to "high-functioning sociopath" Kassam. It claims that Kassam is "pinging [the] regulatory radar quite loudly" and that, in addition to Canadian regulatory scrutiny, the Plaintiffs'

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"[d]irty deals in the U.S. are going to haunt [Kassam] as well—and the SEC has razor-

sharp teeth."

52. The Defamatory Manifesto gives the false impression that the Plaintiffs were

already under regulatory investigation. Later modified versions of the Defamatory

Manifesto state at the outset: "IMPORTANT UPDATE: OSC and IIROC are now aware

of Anson's illegal market activities and are asking the public for information. The

regulators need your help. If you have information for them or have been hurt because of

their actions please get in touch... Do not be silent - help them clean up the capital

markets". This part of the Defamatory Manifesto includes a link to an OSC media release

that has no known connection to Anson, in an attempt to lend further credibility to the

false notion that the Plaintiffs are under investigation.

53. The Defamatory Manifesto implies falsely that the Plaintiffs engaged in "naked

short selling" by stating that they were the "primary inspiration" of a forthcoming bill to

prohibit "naked short selling in Canada."

54. The Defamatory Manifesto calls the Plaintiffs' fully legal short-selling strategy

"illegal" and claims that Kassam has "lost friends...almost all of whom he betrayed in

underhanded and illegal short-selling schemes, including the best man at his wedding

whom he threw under a speeding short-selling bus".

55. While this allegation is false, Robert is one of the few individuals who has

information about the relationship between Kassam and his best man, Allen Spektor, who

introduced Kassam to Robert. During meetings and/or conversations to plan the

Defamatory Manifesto, Robert told Stafford and Rudensky the following, among other things:

[Robert, transcript #3]: [Kassam] is a piece of shit. He befriends people, uses people. I just spoke to the best man [Allen Spektor] at his wedding and they don't talk about shorting anymore because he just feeds everyone shit. This is his best friend. They don't talk about short selling because it ruins the friendship...

[...]

[Robert, transcript #3]: He's a big guy, he [Allen Spektor] was his best man. And he [Spektor] introduced me to Moez a long time ago and promised me the world if I helped this guy, and none of them came true. This Alan [Spektor] guy has recommended so many people that Moez fucked over that he doesn't involve himself in the circle anymore. I gave him a hard time.

- 56. The Defamatory Manifesto claims that "Moez Kassam's MO" and the Plaintiffs' general investment strategy is to invest in small companies in need of cash to "buy influence"; purposefully place the company "into a vulnerable position" in order to drive down its share price; and then short-sell the company's shares "by a far greater amount" than their initial investment. It falsely asserts that "[p]rivate placement money coming from Moez Kassam is toxic money that comes with self-destructing strings attached."
- 57. Under the heading "How Moez Kassam Cheated Zenabis", the Defamatory Manifesto falsely accuses Kassam of engaging in a "game" in which he took a "visible long position" in Zenabis and a "much larger (10x) secret short position" to cause Zenabis' share price to go down. It falsely states that Kassam effectuated his scheme by placing "a figurehead as the director of [the] company" Adam Spears and convincing him to go public at "the highest possible valuation" to "set up a massive downside potential for Kassam to make a killing shorting" its shares. The Defamatory Manifesto also alleges

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falsely that Spears "fed" Kassam material non-public information that the Plaintiffs then leaked to the public, and which the Plaintiffs also used to time short sales advantageously. The Defamatory Manifesto claims that the Plaintiffs replaced Zenabis' CEO after he discovered the "scheme", and installed a new CEO whom they convinced "to dig his own grave" because they "were in control" of Zenabis "through their **stooge**, **Adam Spears**". The Defamatory Manifesto asserts that the Plaintiffs' "dirty short selling strategies" had "completely destroyed Zenabis, taking it from a \$950-million market cap company all the way down to around \$50 million over dinner and drinks."

- 58. These are false allegations that Robert had previously made using the "Betting Bruiser" Twitter account, prior to the Defamatory Manifesto being published. These allegations were also included in the Unlawful Stockhouse Statements.
- 59. The Defamatory Manifesto continues with respect to Aphria. It falsely accuses Kassam of being "the mastermind" behind the <u>Aphria</u> Hindenburg Report by using Puri who it says "makes bottom feeders look appealing" and did all the "dirty legwork" to "illegally feed" its author Nate Anderson "sensitive, insider information that he obtained from his friendships with Aphria management and founders sprinkled with exaggerated lies". The Defamatory Manifesto asserts that the Plaintiffs were "a large holder of Aphria stock" and short sold shares immediately before release of the <u>Aphria</u> Hindenburg Report, which "irreparably damaged" and "crashed Aphria stock". The Defamatory Manifesto claims that Kassam "betrayed" his "friends" and then "feigned shock...to avoid suspicion even though he had orchestrated the entire scheme and illegally fed Nate [Anderson of Hindenburg Research] insider information."

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- 60. The Unlawful Stockhouse Statements contained the same allegations regarding the Plaintiffs and Aphria, as did the "John Murphy" tweets from before the Defamatory Manifesto was published.
- 61. The Defamatory Manifesto falsely alleges that the Plaintiffs engaged in a similar scheme with Genius Brands International, Inc. ("Genius"), a children's entertainment company. It falsely states that Plaintiffs engineered a "pump and dump" scheme whereby they raised Genius' share price by commissioning favourable reports from "pumpers" on social media, and then took "significant short positions" immediately prior to the release of a negative report that they commissioned Nate Anderson of Hindenburg Research to write. The Defamatory Manifesto also falsely claims that Kassam had provided vetted "insider" information to Anderson to assist with writing that report. The Defamatory Manifesto's allegations regarding Genius maliciously conclude by implying the Plaintiffs violated securities regulations: "The Toad of Bay Street—dipping his webbed feet precariously into SEC waters—rode [Genius] all the way up and then shorted it all the way down—disgusting."
- 62. The Defamatory Manifesto falsely accuses the Plaintiffs of engaging in a similar illegal scheme with Facedrive, a company Stafford was paid to promote and of which he owned a significant number of shares. It falsely states that Plaintiffs took "a huge naked short" position in Facedrive, "panicked," and in order to drive down its share price, commissioned Anderson of Hindenburg Research to publish a negative report regarding Facedrive. The Defamatory Manifesto claims, falsely, that Kassam told others about the report "days before it went out", which it characterized as "insider trading". The Defamatory Manifesto claims that the report "failed to generate the negative action

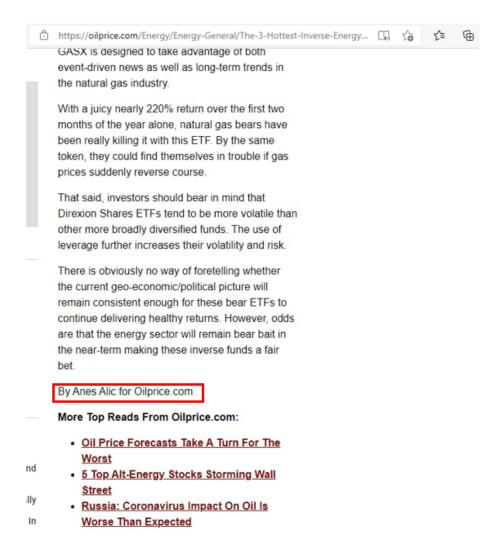
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[Kassam] needed to avoid losing what remains of his fund" and that he "lied to the banks" regarding his Facedrive investment. It warns that Facedrive should "be prepared for another assault out of desperation" because the Plaintiffs are "desperately trying to drive this stock lower". It states that Plaintiffs would publish a further negative report from researcher "The Friendly Bear", which the Defamatory Manifesto falsely states was a pseudonym for Kassam and Puri. It also alleges that the Plaintiffs' banks were helping them with this "illegal" scheme. The Defamatory Manifesto alleges that Anson and Kassam were behind "The Friendly Bear" research report regarding Facedrive – an allegation that is clearly false since no such report exists.

- 63. As referenced herein, "John Murphy" had previously made similar false assertions about the Plaintiffs and Facedrive. "Betting Bruiser" had also previously tweeted the allegation that the Planitiffs controlled the Friendly Bear, before the Defamatory Manifesto was published.
- 64. The Defamatory Manifesto falsely alleges that Tilray had "been the victim of an Anson Funds scheme (which failed)", and that Anson's "disastrous attempt to short much larger Tilray" caused "a liquidity crisis" for Anson, which lost hundreds of millions of dollars "in the scheme". The Defamatory Manifesto further alleges that, having "lost around \$80 million on this dodgy short strategy", Kassam "nearly lost everything" and had to "grovel" to raise capital for Anson.
- 65. The Defamatory Manifesto falsely alleges that Anson underpays or "stiffs" people. Robert has made similar allegations that he was not compensated for past due diligence he shared with Anson using the "Betting Bruiser" Twitter account.

C. The Defendants' Attempt to Conceal their Identities and Disseminate the Defamatory Manifesto

66. The Defendants or their proxies communicated with the Bosnian developers using anonymous email addresses to conceal their identities, including from the developers themselves. The email addresses used bγ the Defendants were editormarketinvestigations@protonmail.ch and anesalic@protonmail.com. "Anes Alic", the name used in one of these email addresses, is a "journalist" for Stafford's website www.OilPrice.com, and the emails sent by anesalic@protonmail.com to the developers were sent either by Stafford or at his behest:



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67. The Defendants provided the developers with the text of the Defamatory Manifesto, and the developers created the websites on which it was posted using WordPress. The Defendants paid the developers US\$100 for this work. The Defendants instructed the developers to delete all of their email correspondence following the completion of this work in an attempt to conceal their identities (although the developers

did not, in fact, delete all such emails).

68. Stafford and the other Defendants compiled a spreadsheet containing the names and email addresses of 2,854 journalists, news editors, and others in the business community to whom they planned to disseminate the Defamatory Manifesto. Stafford had these names and contact information in his purported capacity as a "journalist". He and the other Defendants – seeking to imbue the Defamatory Manifesto with a false sense of credibility – intended that these journalists and news editors would re-publish the allegations against the Plaintiffs in their respective news outlets. The spreadsheet's metadata indicates that the spreadsheet's author was "James Stafford", and that the spreadsheet was created on September 30, 2020 and last edited October 1, 2020 — just days after the Defamatory Manifesto was first published:

Related Dates

Last Modified 10/1/2020 4:29 PM

Created 9/30/2020 6:36 PM

Last Printed

Related People

Manager None

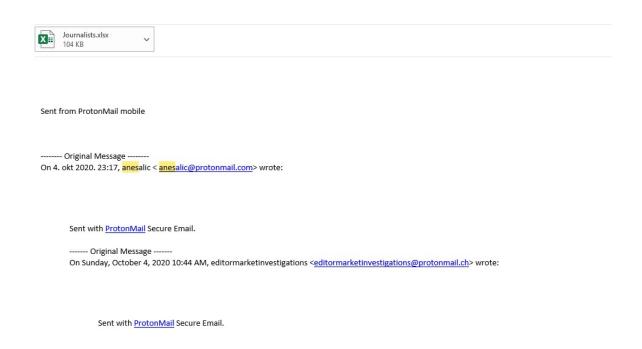
Author JS James Stafford

Last Modified By JS James Stafford

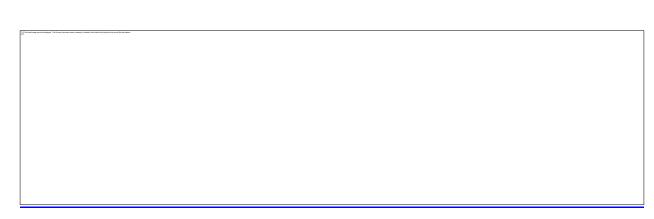
69. The first four entries on the spreadsheet are pictured below. The first entry is for "James", with the email "admin@oilprice.com". Stafford operates the stock promotion website www.OilPrice.com. The second entry is for "Jim", with the email address "james@floatingmix.com", another email address associated with Stafford (and the domain "floatingmix.com" is registered to Advanced Media Solutions, the parent of www.OilPrice.com). The third and fourth entries are for "Jimbo" and "JS" at "capitalmarketsinvestigation@protomail.com" and "info@stockmanipulators.com". Both email addresses were used as "tiplines" for different versions of the Defamatory Manifesto:

	А	В
1	James	admin@oilprice.com
2	Jim	james@floatingmix.com
3	Jimbo	capitalmarketsinvestigation@protonmail.com
4	JS	info@stockmanipulators.com

70. Stafford and/or the other Defendants, using the email address "anesalic@protonmail.com", sent this spreadsheet to the developers hired to assist with disseminating the Defamatory Manifesto:



71. One version of the Defamatory Manifesto used the email address cokiga@protonmail.com as the "tipline":



present in digitare. The Six any face have recent, account or dillical lately had be to gain in the owner the articular-		

D

The Unsolicited Emails sharing the Defamatory Manifesto contained further 73. Unlawful Statements against the Plaintiffs. One version of the email included the following (emphasis added):

This is a huge developing story on insider trading, market manipulation and fraud within America and Canada's capital markets that I thought you might be interested in.

Anson Funds and Moez Kassam have been destroying companies through illegal means and their partners are some of the largest banks in the world.

The below investigative report looks at which banks are involved and how the fraud has taken place. A lot of very powerful people are going to find themselves under fire....

From what I have been led to believe Anson Funds have sponsored a huge DDOS attack against the various sites that hosted the article and they have all gone down now.

The report obviously has these crooks very concerned and they are desperate no one reads the report. So we can now add cyber crimes to Anson's list of wrongs as well.

74. Another version of the Unsolicited Emails stated the following:

We have a new tip for you that involves the almost unbelievable activities of a hedge fund based in the U.S. and Canada that has broken countless laws and because of their actions have taken billions from ordinary investors and destroyed a huge number of companies.

Please take a moment to read this piece: [link to "MarketCrimes.to".]

You might have heard rumours about it – but it has been going up and down due to huge DDOS attacks from the hedge fund in question who do not want this information getting out.

A second part will be coming soon but this really is a story that needs to see the light of day and I'm hoping you can share this piece with as many people as possible.

75. These Unsolicited Emails were designed and intended to further harm the Plaintiffs and damage their reputation in the financial industry.

E. Further Attempts to Disseminate the Defamatory Manifesto on Twitter

76. On September 28, 2020 – the day after the Defamatory Manifesto was first published – Robert texted Spektor (the contact who introduced him to Anson) the following in reference to the Defamatory Manifesto (emphasis added):

I knew it was coming...

I know who wrote...

Moez likely going [to] sue

77. On September 29, 2020, "Betting Bruiser" tweeted a link to the Defamatory Manifesto, commenting:



78. On September 29, 2020, shortly after Anson was able to have the Defamatory Manifesto taken down from www.MoezKassam.com, Jacob quickly tweeted a new link to the Defamatory Manifesto on a different website, www.StockManipulators.com – again showing the Doxtators' involvement in the Defamatory Manifesto. He again included the Twitter accounts of the Globe and Mail, and reporter David Milstead, in his tweet:



Home stockmanipulators.com. Cyber crimes added to the list of wrongdoings by @AnsonGroupFunds? who funded this defense? unit holders? @davidmilstead @globeandmail @thomasg_grizzle

7:52 AM · Sep 29, 2020 · Twitter for iPhone

79. On September 29, 2020 "John Murphy" also tweeted:

big difference from shorting a fraud and paying for a short report calling a company a fraud to try and fix your trade. bad companies need to be taken down. big difference between the two. anson does both! [sic]

80. On September 30, 2020, Robert referenced the Defamatory Manifesto in a "Betting Bruiser" tweet to advance his allegation that he was unpaid for certain due diligence:

Something that was wrong about the Anson and Moez article circulating was the allegation that Moez/Anson compensates people to write reports. They just use people and don't pay anyone but themselves. \$ZENA \$APHA #PotStocks

81. On September 30, 2020, in response to an Anson press release denouncing the Unlawful Statements, "John Murphy" commented:

Anson and Moez put out this response. it fails to address the allegations outlined. when they question a company they ask for a line by line response. we are waiting @MunchingMoez ansonfunds.com/wp-content/upl... @QTRResearch @BettingBruiser @LamboJohnny @weedstreet420 @davidmilstead

82. During this time, "John Murphy" re-tweeted several tweets publishing links to the Defamatory Manifesto. He also re-tweeted several of Robert's tweets about the Plaintiffs, as well as those of other Twitter users sharing and discussing the Defamatory Manifesto,

reflecting the Defendants' concerted and coordinated effort to defame the Plaintiffs. He also repeated false allegations of a DDOS attack by Anson, in replying to a tweet by "Betting Bruiser" that contained a link to the Defamatory Manifesto with the following false allegation:

sounds like #moez attacked the site where the @AnsonGroupFunds report was profiled. a very expensive DDOS attack to prevent the public from seeing the piece. Investors in the fund probably have plenty of questions for @MunchingMoez @davidmilstead \$apha \$fd \$gfl \$shrm many more

F. "Betting Bruiser" Tweets

- 83. The tweets published by "Betting Bruiser" shortly after the Whatsapp exchange between Kassam and Robert included the following:
 - (a) "One thing that was left out of the \$ZENA [Zenabis] and Anson Funds report was [the] fact that Anson's funds legal counsel (Laura Salvatori) husband (Muneeb Yusuf) via Brownstone Advisors facilitated the toxic financing deal between \$ZENA & \$TLRY [Tilray] ... conflict of interest much? #Potstocks";
 - (b) "Hi Laura [Salvatori, Anson's legal counsel] [Hand waving emoji] ... cause I know you follow every tweet I speak about Anson ... I thought I'd give you a shoutout! \$ZENA \$TLRY #PotStocks";
 - (c) "If you r an Anson Funds investor ... be prepared to have your funds locked up b/c there is a lot [of] information floating out there that paints a picture of scams to benefit none other then [sic] Moez Kassam. \$ZENA story is just one of hundreds were its [sic] alleged he broke the law. #PotStocks";

- (d) "Maybe I should speak to regulators about Anson Funds and collect the reward in 50 years Or should I just leak snippets of recorded conversations with Moez Kassam? Thoughts? #PotStocks"; and
- (e) "I think I'm going [to] release some of the recordings about Moez Kassam
 ... just interested how much money Anson pays Ben Axler from
 @sprucepointcap ... you care to comment Ben?"
- 84. The tweet described immediately above was accompanied by a purported transcript of a recent conversation between Kassam and Robert. In fact, the conversation that was transcribed occurred several years ago and the tweet was misleading. This was another attempt by Robert to deceive his Twitter followers and defame the Plaintiffs.
- 85. On October 9, 2020 the Friday before Thanksgiving weekend "Betting Bruiser" wished death on Kassam:



86. On October 29, 2020, shortly after the Defamatory Manifesto was republished on www.MarketCrimes.to, "John Murphy" tweeted a link to the new website, and included in the tweet the Twitter accounts of BNN Bloomberg and Jeff Kehoe, the Director of

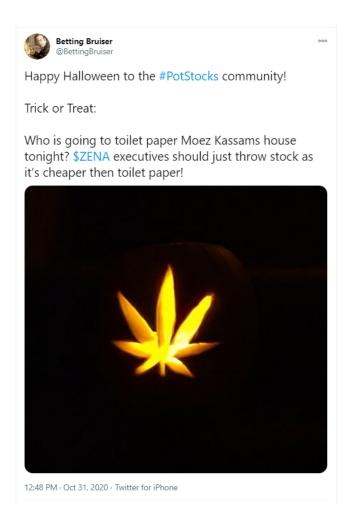
Court File No./N° du dossier du greffe: CV-20-00653410-00CL

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Enforcement for the OSC, to bring the Defamatory Manifesto to their attention and attempt to cause the maximum harm to the Plaintiffs.

- 87. On October 30, 2020, "Betting Bruiser" posted further Unlawful Statements regarding Anson and Kassam:
 - (a) he posted a recording of part of a recent conversation between Robert and Kassam regarding the Conspiracy, with the following comment: "This is Moez Kassam from Anson Funds in the flesh running scared from recent reports about his tactics. Worth a listen. This guy is the scum of the earth"; and
 - (b) "He doesn't have anyone but the scum Sunny Puri, the Globe & Mail and other short sellers doing his dirty work for him. Including paying @sprucepointcap @CitronResearch @FriendlyBearSA and others ... why did you block me Ben Adler ... is it the fact your Moez Kassam lapdog?"

88. On October 31, 2020, "Betting Bruiser" posted a tweet encouraging vandalism of Kassam's house:



G. Messages Publicizing the Defamatory Manifesto

- 89. The Defendants and/or their proxies shared links to the Defamatory Manifesto on Yahoo Finance with the comments including the following:
 - (a) a user named "America" commented, "Will the Canadian regulators do something? I cannot believe someone has been able to get away with this for so long";

- (b) a user named "Antti" commented, "Canadian hedge fund under fire for illegal practices[.] Looks like Anson have managed to take those sites down

 they don't want the world to know about their crimes";
- (c) a user named "Alissa" published several messages sharing the Defamatory Manifesto, commenting, "This is everything that's wrong with the stock market... Looks like a big scandal might be unfolding", "Have anyone else seen this??? Bomb report on Moez Kassam and Anson Funds. About time ... Clean up what's truly dirty and rotten to the core" and "Interesting investigative piece looking at a short selling group that have scammed investors out of billions. It's a must read"; and
- (d) a user named "Daniela" commented, "Seems like a scandal might be starting in the Canadian markets[.] Take a look at this article I found on another community about this hedge fund guy that has been running amok in the Canadian markets crazy...".
- 90. Posts published on Stockhouse in September and October 2020 included the following:
 - (a) on September 29, 2020, a user named "KhalidZ" shared a link to the Defamatory Manifesto with comments almost identical to those of "Daniela", described above: "A scandal might be starting to unfold in the Canadian market[.] Take a look at this article I found on another community about this hedge fund guy that has been running amok in the Canadian markets –

- crazy...". This post published using the VPN "Digital Ocean", a provider of personal VPN services; and
- (b) on October 1, 2020, a user named "HannaJensen" shared a link to the Defamatory Manifesto with comments identical to those published by "Alissa", described above: "Interesting investigative piece looking at short selling group that have scammed investors out of billions".
- 91. The Defendants or their proxies published Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements in fall 2020, with headline tags including the following:
 - (a) "Time's Up";
 - (b) "Expose on Moez Kassam";
 - (c) "Tale of Corruption";
 - (d) "These short sellers soured the entire cannabis market";
 - (e) "Check out this piece on short selling bandits in Canada"; and
 - (f) "A big scandal might be unfolding in Canadian markets."
- 92. Many of these posts included links to the Defamatory Manifesto, and many of the Further Unlawful Stockhouse Statements posted in fall 2020 were published using the Digital Ocean VPN.

H. The Stafford Unlawful Stockhouse Statements

93. The Stafford Unlawful Stockhouse Statements, all published under the username "toffraffles", were as follows. Many of them referred to Facedrive, one of the companies that Stafford was hired to promote and of which he owned a significant number of shares, as set out herein:

Date	Subject	Post
November 18, 2020	Edward is Upset Because Moez Kassam is Losing Money on FD	Poor Edwardoboo – he gets paid per post from Anson Funds and now his paymaster is losing money hand over fist with his Facedrive short. You referenced the Hindenberg report. This as everyone online knows was a paid for hit piece by Anson. Why don't you look at the report on Moez Kassam and Anson Funds that is going around the internet. Find out just who you are working for. Pure scum. Here's the link just in case you haven't read it: [link to Defamatory Manifesto]
November 19, 2020	RE: Watch the basher rhetoric increase	Edwardoboo will be coming in hard with the bashing. Probably just got off the phone with Sunny and Moez. They will be upping his salary to \$15 per post if he can create multiple bashing profiles. No sweeter taste than short sellers tears.
November 19, 2020	RE:RE:RE: Watch the basher rhetoric increase	Here he is – Edward's back – yay. More half witted twaddle from the man who couldn't even get a job in a convenience store and instead has to try and pull down companies for the pennies Moez and Anson tosses him. This company is going places my old mucker. Does Microsoft partner with anyone on the street? No – they know what's happening here and so does the market. Your boss is on the wrong side of this one and is going to lose BIG

Date	Subject	Post
February 25, 2021	What an investigation into Facedrive and Shorts would find	Good post on Yahoo Finance – must read for all Facedrive investors: [link] As someone who has been in since the \$10 range I love the shorts here saying they hope for an investigation. What they do not want is an investigation and neither do their partners in crime, TD Bank, CIBC, RBC. They have been facilitating Anson Funds illegal behaviour with spoofing, downticking and wash trading. They have been miss-marking tickets and hiding the true extent of the naked short position Anson Funds has in Facedrive. They have ruined the market through their illegal actions and any investigation WILL expose this. The banks will sweep this under the rug, cut Anson Funds off and try to get the regulators to move on to mask their continuous illegal behavior. Should the stock be here on fundamentals? No of course not – but Anson and the banks have broken the market and this is why we are seeing the big jumps in share price and I imagine we will see even bigger ones in future when they are forced to cover the bulk of their naked short. This will end very badly for the shorts and I for one welcome an investigation into this whole drama. the banks who will be exposed as Anson Funds are just a grubby little predator who spotted an opportunity and got caught. Now they can't get out of it and when the real buy ins happen this could be a textbook case for making naked short selling in Canada illegal with severe penalties

Date	Subject	Post
February 25, 2021	RE:RE:What an investigation into Facedrive and Shorts would find	you have probably it the right way and gotten the borrow. Anson absolutely have not. TD alone are north of 2 million shares naked short and RCB, TD Bank and others aren't far behind. If you play the game fairly like you have then that's all good – but these guys don't plair [sic] fairly which is the real problem. The real naked short is rumoured to be around 8 million shares which is utterly insane and proves the market or regulatory regime in Canada is utterly broken. I can see this being in textbooks in the future for what can happen when hedge funds are allowed to go naked short and it all goes horribly wrong. Another poster on here said that Anson are waiting for a huge lockup to come free trading in March and that insiders will be dumping their stock. What happens if insiders don't dump and instead hold their shares? Anson have been promising the banks they will. We will see but if Anson are wrong this could explode as the banks will not put up with their lies and stalling any longer as the numbers no longer make sense and force them to cover
February 25, 2021	RE:RE:RE:RE: What an investigation into Facedrive and Shorts would find	you are cleay [sic] a paid Anson Funds stooge. Moez only courts press and comes out when he is desperate and he is VERY desperate. Anson had a diabolical January and i have heard Frbruary [sic] is atrocious as well. He needs funds so Bloomberg put out that puff piece. They are going down
March 10, 2021	RE:RE:RE:RE: Medtronics locking up Facedrive stock for another year	Very little short interest. Don't try and play us for mugs. Everyone on the street knows about the HUGE naked short Anson Funds and their syndicate have against Facedrive. It's the talk of Baystreet [sic]. This trade is going to go very badly for the naked shorts.

ANSON ADVISORS INC., ANSON FUNDS MANAGEMENT -and-LP, ANSON INVESTMENTS MASTER FUND LP AND MOEZ KASSAM Plaintiffs

ROBERT LEE DOXTATOR, JACOB DOXTATOR, JOHN DOE 1, JOHN DOE 2, JOHN DOE 3, JOHN DOE 4 AND OTHER PERSONS UNKNOWN Defendants

Court File No. CV-20-00653410-00CL

ONTARIO SUPERIOR COURT OF JUSTICE (COMMERCIAL LIST)

Proceeding commenced at Toronto

FRESH AS AMENDED STATEMENT OF CLAIM

DAVIES WARD PHILLIPS & VINEBERG LLP

155 Wellington Street West Toronto ON M5V 3J7

Matthew Milne-Smith (LSO# 44266P) Email: mmilne-smith@dwpv.com

Tel: 416.863.5595

Andrew Carlson (LSO# 58850N) Email: acarlson@dwpv.com

Tel: 416.367.7437

Maura O'Sullivan (LSO# 77098R) Email: mosullivan@dwpv.com

Tel: 416.367.7481

Lawyers for the Plaintiffs (Defendants to the Counterclaim), Anson Advisors Inc., Anson Funds Management LP, Anson Investments Master Fund LP and Moez Kassam